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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVI. NO. 256 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS Air Surcharge 6 Pies

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TRUMAN MEETS VYSHINSKY

President Truman shakes hands with Andrei Vyshinsky, Soviet Foreign Minister, in the United Nation Delegate's dining room at Flushing Meadow, N.Y. where the President met representatives of the 60 member nations

50,000 Chinese Reds Racing To Lhasa

Invaders Reported 250 Miles Off

BATTLES RAGE ON PEAKS

HONG KONG, OCTOBER 30, (PTI-REUTER).

CHINESE TROOPS ADVANCING INTO TIBET HAVE SPLIT INTO TWO COLUMNS, A USUALLY RELIABLE CHINESE SOURCE SAID HERE TODAY. ONE COLUMN WAS MAKING FOR LHASA, TIBETAN CAPITAL AND SEAT OF THE DALAI LAMA, THE COUNTRY'S PRIEST RULER, AND THE OTHER FOR BRIGATSE, TIBET'S SECOND CITY AND HOME OF THE PANCHEN LAMA.

He claimed 50,000 Chinese troops under General Liu Pocheng, one-eyed Commander of the Chinese Second Field Army entered Tibet from China's Sikang province a week ago.

The Tibetans were not expected to be able to offer any resistance, the source added. If no outside aid were forthcoming, the "People's Liberation Army" would be able to occupy the country within five weeks.

Negotiations between the Tibetan mission to China and the Peking Government were fruitless. It is only a gesture and Peking will ask for complete surrender, the source said.

He thought the Chinese would hold Lhasa before the Tibetan delegation had completed its talks in Peking.

250 MILES OFF?

NEW DELHI: Chinese invading forces comprising regulars, irregulars and locals are within 250 miles northwest of Lhasa capital of Tibet, according to information received by the External Affairs Ministry here.

Since "the liberation" began last week, the Tibetans are reported to have abandoned two outposts in the disputed Sikiang area. On October 22, Lhodzong (250 miles from Lhasa) fell to the invading troops and subsequently in a minor operation on October 27, the Tibetans were forced to abandon Shoshado (which is shown in the map as Shobando). The Tibetan forces withdrew to Pembago which is about 50 miles west of Shoshado.

"Fighting" is taking place on a mountainous terrain at an altitude of about 13,500 feet.

The present disposition of the invaders is about four weeks' caravan distance from Lhasa. However this distance can be covered by couriers within a fortnight.

POLITICAL WARFARE

There is little information on the strength and armour of the invading forces.

It is understood that besides the military operation these areas have been subjected to intense "political warfare".

Local population in these areas have been mobilised to join "the Liberating Army" and leaflets and pamphlets in Tibetan language calling upon the people to oust the present regime and spreading dissatisfaction against Dalai Lama have been freely distributed.

Advance units of regulars and irregulars of the Chinese Red forces are reported to be infiltrating in strength towards Lhasa.

TIBET APPEALS TO DELHI

The External Affairs Ministry sources today confirmed that the Government of Tibet have renewed their appeal to the Government of India for diplomatic help and whatever assist

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 7.)

Vengeance In Succession

Syrian Ex-Army Chief Shot

BEIRUT, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter).

GENERAL SAMI HINNAWI, who organised a coup d'etat in Syria last year, was shot dead at a tram stop here today.

Police said the killer was Ahmed Barazi, cousin of former Prime Minister Muhsin Bey Barazi, who was executed on General Hinnawi's orders after his 'coup d'etat.'

He fired three bullets into Hinnawi's heart and killed him instantly.

He was arrested as he tried to run away.

Police said his motive was vengeance.

General Hinnawi was the leading figure in the second of two army revolts in Syria last year.

A bloodless military coup led by Colonel Husni Zaim, then Chief of Staff had overthrown the Government in March. Zaim was later elected President in a referendum and appointed Muhsin Bey Barazi as Prime Minister.

But five months later on August 14, General Hinnawi, then a colonel, had Zaim and his Prime Minister arrested and shot.

Hinnawi assumed the title of Commander-in-Chief but after a general election he himself was arrested. He was released under an amnesty last month.

Dollar Position Eases

NEW YORK, Oct. 30, (PTI-Reuter): Britain and many Commonwealth countries are now in a position to ease restrictions against dollar purchases, according to Mr. W. M Martin, Assistant Secretary of the American Treasury. But, he said here today, such relaxation should not be carried to the point where adequate reserve levels were endangered.

Loans For Thailand

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, (PTI-Reuter): The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development today announced three loans totalling 25,400,000 dollars to Thailand.

Christmas In Korea Will Be Jolly

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 (UPI): Needy Korean children this year will get Christmas gifts of clothing and toys from the United States, with vessels of the U.S. Navy playing the role of Santa Claus's traditional sleigh and reindeer.

The clothing and toys will be collected by units of the Marine Corps League, a private civilian organisation, in approximately 500 cities throughout the United States.

Escaped Men Caught

SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter): Police today recaptured 52 of 111 convicts who escaped from Puerto Rico prison yesterday taking guns and ammunition from the prison arsenal.

ONE KILLED, 9 HURT

Motor Dashes Against Train Near Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Oct. 30 (PTI): Nine persons were injured, one fatally and six seriously, when a motor vehicle dashed against a passenger train near Nabadwip Ghat station about 65 miles from Calcutta on the Sealdah Division of the E.I.R., yesterday evening, according to a railway press note issued here today.

All the nine were removed to Krishnagar hospital where one died this morning. The cause of the accident is under investigation.

Governor In Court

MADRAS, Oct. 30. (PTI): The Maharaja of Bhavnagar, Governor of Madras, today attended the Juvenile Court and spent over an hour watching its working.

The Governor watched the disposal of about twenty cases relating to offences under the Prohibition Act, theft and gambling by the court constituted by three women Honorary Magistrates.

Jayaprakash's Heart

MADRAS, Oct. 30. (PTI): Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, Socialist leader, returned here today cutting short his Andhra tour for medical attention for a heart ailment. Doctors who examined him here have advised him complete rest for some time.

Tariff Board's Term Extended

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30: The Government of India have decided to extend the term of the present Tariff Board consisting of the following for a further period of six months from the 3rd November 1950: President: Dr. H. L. Dey, Members: Shri B. N. Adarkar, Dr. B. V. Narayanaswamy Naidu.

End Controversy Over Controls

MAHATAB'S CALL TO INDUSTRIALISTS

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30 (PTI): Mr. Hare Krushna Mahatab, India's Minister of Industry and Supply, said here tonight, "The controversy over control and decontrol should now cease, and we should all concentrate on the efficient administration of controls".

Addressing a gathering of industrialists and merchants at a garden party given by the Millowners' Association, the Minister said: "Instead of accusing one another we should put our heads together to solve the serious problems that confront us in the wake of war and independence. Though we have achieved independence peacefully it has created many complications. Government have recognised private sector in industry. It will be developed and encouraged.

"The position of the textile industry", Mr. Mahatab said, "is not so bad as it was two years ago, and it will settle down in two years more, if we work steadily and in a spirit of co-operation".

Mr. Chandulal Parikh, President of the Millowners' Association expressed readiness of the millowners to co-operate with Government but pleaded for decontrol for increased production.

He stressed the need for protection of "weaker units", and said "we are prepared to forego our profits if called upon by Government". He suggested the employment of experienced industrialists in the place of inexperienced officials for running industry.

THESE MEN HIT HEADLINES

SEPT. 1950
DR. FUCHS TALKS—AND HUGE SPY-HUNT IS ON
MAR. 1950
Janossy: My place is here
'Happy to serve Hungarians'
From Daily Mail Reporter
VIENNA, Monday.
PROFESSOR Lajos Janossy, the 38-year-old Marxist from Dublin, who
AUG. 1950

Professor Bruno Pontecorvo missing British atom scientist, is believed to have been got at by foreign agents while on holiday in Italy. This group of leading scientists was photographed last year at an Edinburgh conference. Since March this year it has thinned out. First Dr. Fuchs went—sentenced to 14 years' jail for betraying atom secrets to Russia. Then Professor Janossy disappeared and turned up later in Hungary. Now Professor Pontecorvo has vanished. He has not been traced so far.

GLEANER & HEALTHIER BOMBAY

MIXED RECEPTION TO CAMPAIGN

Officials Hopeful, But Citizens Are Sceptic

BY A STAFF REPORTER

THE Bombay Municipality has launched a vigorous campaign for a "Cleaner and Healthier" City. A drive round Girgaum, one of the most thickly-populated districts, gave me the impression that the campaign is on and the citizens in that locality are made aware of the fact that there is such a thing as civic consciousness.

The importance of environmental hygiene is brought home to them through many illustrated posters, colourful handbills, film shows and demonstrations of cleaning and conservancy work by volunteers drawn by the Municipality in their Health Guards scheme. Whether the five-day old campaign has succeeded in demolishing the popular belief that dirt ceases to be so when it is dumped on the road or swept on to a neighbour's porch, it is too early to say.

An official of the Health Department of the Municipality explained to me that the object of this campaign was to arouse the health consciousness of citizens by focussing their attention on this particular subject and to sustain the interest thus created. He quoted the Mayor, who had said in his appeal to the citizens inviting their co-operation to make the Week a success. "The intention of the Week is to arouse health consciousness among the citizens and make them sanitation minded." The Official said that celebrating a Week like this would entail better co-operation from the citizens in defending the sanitation and health of the city all the year round.

MIDDLE CLASS WARD

When the proposal involving a total expenditure of Rs. 20,000/- was sanctioned by the Corporation despite steep opposition from the Socialist bloc last year, it was decided to celebrate the Week in the D. Ward, essentially a middle class locality with a total population of over 3,00,000. It is true that there are in this Ward palatial mansions at Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill, but there are also crowded tenements in perfectly insanitary conditions in Girgaum, Tardeo, Khetwadi and Grant Road.

(Continued on Page 2 Col. 5)

Import Priority Revision

ADVISORY COUNCIL GIVES APPROVAL

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30. (PTI): The five major recommendations of the Import Control Enquiry Committee received the general approval of the Import Advisory Council which met here today under the chairmanship of the Commerce Minister Mr Sri Prakasa.

The approval followed general discussion on the main recommendations of the committee, namely, (a) revised order of priority for granting of import licences, (b) decentralisation of licensing procedure, (c) fixation of a ceiling on the foreign exchange budget for the next two years (d) creation of port advisory committees and trade panels and (e) facilities to be granted to newcomers.

Mr. G. L. Mehta, Chairman and Messrs. Tulsidas Kilachand and D. L. Mazumdar, members of the Import Control Enquiry Committee were also present at the meeting and explained to the members of the council the committee's views on the points raised.

The general licensing policy for the next period January-June 1951 was also discussed by the council and the members generally expressed their appreciation of the Government's action in calling the meeting of the council before the policy for the period was framed.

They also made specific suggestions on policy matters and the Secretary of the Commerce Ministry Mr. C. C Desai assured them that the Government of India would take their suggestions into consideration before formulating their licensing policy for the next term.

CITIZENSHIP RIGHTS FOR BENGAL DPs

President's Assurance

CALCUTTA, October 30, (PTI).

PRESIDENT Rajendra Prasad today assured the displaced persons, who had migrated to West Bengal after July 25 last year, that they would be given Indian citizenship rights.

He, however, added that since the voters lists in all states had practically been completed, the inclusion of these displaced persons in the lists would mean delay in holding the general elections fixed for March next year.

If they did not get the right to exercise their franchise in the elections next year, they would certainly exercise that right in the later elections by which time they would have acquired Indian citizenship, the President said.

EARLY RESETTLEMENT

Addressing the refugees at Dhubulia camp, about seventy miles from here, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that Government would do its best to alleviate the sufferings and hardships of displaced persons from East Bengal, and also to resettle them as speedily as possible. He said what had been done so far for them was not enough; much yet remained to be done.

Later, addressing the refugees at Ranaghat camps about fifty miles from Calcutta, the President referred to the question of compensation for property left by refugees in East Bengal. He said negotiations were going on between India and Pakistan on this issue and he hoped that an agreement would be reached by which refugees would receive some compensation.

In his speeches at both the camps, the President sprang a surprise on the refugees by speaking in fluent Bengali.

Students Clash With Police

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30. (PTI).

SIX students and ten police constables sustained injuries today in a clash between a section of students and the police at the La Martiniere College grounds where the Commonwealth cricket match was staged.

It is stated that the clash occurred when police prevented enthusiastic autograph hunters among the students from crossing the fencing at the end of the match.

The students, numbering about two hundred thereafter went in a procession shouting slogans to the residence of the Congress President, Mr. Purshottam Das Tandon and later to the Council House to meet the Home Minister, Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri.

Mr. Tandon gave a patient hearing and asked them to submit a memorandum stating correct facts of the incident to him and to the Chief Minister, Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant.

The students have decided to organise a strike tomorrow and stage a demontration before the Council House.

Checking Rise In Cotton Prices

ADVISORY BOARD'S SUGGESTIONS

BOMBAY, Monday:

The Central Cotton Advisory Board, appointed by the Government of India at its first formal meeting here today, recommended to the Textile Commissioner that in any area or zone in which the prices of cotton tended to raise above the ceilings, he might use the powers conferred on him by the Cotton Control Order.

The board suggested that to curb the tendency of cotton prices to rise, the Textile Commissioner might appoint his own nominees for the purchase of cotton on behalf of the mills to which cotton of that area had been allocated.

Mr. Neville Wadia and Mr. R. G. Saraiya were elected Chairman and Vice-Chairman respectively for the year 1950-51.

The board reviewed the crop prospects for the year 1950-51 and also the cotton supply position of the mills as on September 30, 1950.

It was decided to recommend at the meeting that for the present regional committees be appointed in Madhya Bharat, Madhya Pradesh, Hyderabad, Saurashtra and Madras. These committees, when appointed will function at one of the principal cotton marketing centres of areas concerned.

The question of permitting mills which own or have lease begins before September 1, 1950 was considered at length.

The board gave detailed consideration to the form of disciplinary action which the Millowners Association and recognised cotton associations should take against individual mills and merchants who may circumvent the provisions of the Cotton Control Order.

Chinese In Korea?

TOKYO, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter): A United States Tenth Army Corps spokesman "positively identified" tonight the presence of a Chinese regiment in North Korea, according to a front-line report. It was apparently based on interrogations of 20 prisoners who said they were from across the border.

The Indian National Airways have started another shuttle service between Patna and Katmandu on every Thursday.

British Troops Meet Fierce Resistance

TOKYO, October 30, (PTI-Reuter).

BRITISH troops, fighting off stubborn counter-attacks, moved steadily up the coastal road today towards the frontier town of Sinuiju, temporary Communist capital in north-west Korea.

After capturing Chongju they were last reported about 60 miles from the capital, present focal point of the Korean war at the mouth of the great Yalu River.

South Korean Sixth and Eighth Divisions battled grimly in the Onjong and Unsan areas some 50 miles further inland against a stiffening defence.

North Korean leaders today ordered every man and woman to battle to check United Nations armour and infantry hammering at their last mountain redoubt in the north-west.

On the east coast, 27,000 men of the Seventh U.S. Infantry Division, continued to land unopposed at Iwon, 70 miles from Manchuria. The landing began yesterday from 50 ships. It includes South Koreans.

A British Marine reconnaissance unit which landed on Cho island, off the west coast of Korea, found the Communist garrison had gone.

Laokay Is Reseized

SAIGON, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter):—French forces have reopened the airport at isolated Laokay, last French fortress in north-west Tonking, under heavy Viet Minh attack, a French military spokesman announced today.

Several military planes landed on the Laokay airfield yesterday, he added.

Viet Minh forces which had occupied positions overlooking the airfield were driven out.

But they continued to take positions near Laokay, and Viet Minh landings on the right bank of the Red River, north of Pholu, were announced.

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A New Batch—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrolments are proceeding now for all Specialised and General Diploma Courses in Commerce. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write immediately for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 2200

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test for prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission. Mavelikara, Travancore

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our High Grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Co., Howrah (8052)

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Wanted—Exporters for Hurricane Lanterns. Those interested please apply with terms to: Modi Lantern Works, Modinagar (Meerut). 8961

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PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

DIVALI CELEBRATIONS 1950

IT IS ANTICIPATED that owing to temporary illuminations and preliminary trials in connection with the Divali Celebrations, there will be a heavy demand for electric power on our distribution system on the nights of 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th of November, 1950.

In order to avoid possible complete failure of electric supply in the areas affected, our consumers are requested to kindly assist us by not taking supply for motive power purposes and by reducing the use of electricity for other purposes to the absolute minimum between the hours of 6-00 p.m. and 10-00 p.m. on these days.

Co-operation will be very much appreciated.

P. R. SHIVDASANI,
Deputy General Manager.

8974

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for supply of the following goods to the Lawrence School, Lovedale (NILGIRIS) run by Government of India:

1.	Serge Nigger Brown (Fine)—54" wide	300 yards
2.	Blazer Nigger Brown—54" wide	200 "
3.	Overcoat Material—woollen—Navy Blue 54" wide	350 "
4.	Long Cloth—Cream	1,500 "
5.	Twill Shirting—White	600 "
6.	Drill—White	500 "
7.	Drill—Blue	1,000 "
8.	Tussore — Nigger Brown	1,000 "
9.	Waterproof material—Khaki 54" wide	500 "
10.	Waterproof material Greenish Khaki 54"	500 "
11.	Serge Blue (Rough) 54" wide	300 "
12.	Woollen Socks—Ankle—Nigger Brown—sizes 6½ to 10	300 pairs
15.	Woollen Socks—Grey sizes 8½ to 10	300 "
14.	Stockings Woollen—Khaki—sizes 6½ to 8.	200 "
15.	Peak Forage Caps—Blue with Red Band—sizes 6 to 7½	300 Nos.
16.	Ties Woollen—Khaki	300 "
17.	Ties Woollen—Navy Blue	300 "
18.	Shoes Black—Polished leather — sizes 10 to 8	250 pairs
19.	Shoes Dark Tan—Polished leather—sizes 10 to 6	250 "
20.	Boots Black—Zug Grain leather—sizes 13 to 8.	300 "

Quantities mentioned above are approximate. One or more of above items may be quoted for supply. Samples MUST be sent along with tenders. Last date for receipt of tenders—12 noon on 18th November 1950. Supplies to be made between December 1950 and January 1951.

G. F. LAKHANI,
Principal.

8996

PUBLIC NOTICES

KILLICK INDUSTRIES LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of KILLICK INDUSTRIES LIMITED, will be held on FRIDAY, the 24th November, 1950, at 4-30 p.m., at the Registered Office of the Company, Killick Building, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account made up to 30th June, 1950.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 6th to 24th November, 1950, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
Killick Industries Limited,
V. F. NOEL PATON,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 11th October, 1950

8991

KILLICK INDUSTRIES LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of KILLICK INDUSTRIES LIMITED, will be held on FRIDAY, 24th November, 1950, at 5 p.m. or as soon thereafter as the foregoing Annual General Meeting shall be concluded, at the Registered Office of the Company, Killick Building, Home Street, Fort, Bombay when the subjoined Resolution will be proposed:—

AS A SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered in the manner following:—

That at the end of Article 125, a proviso be added reading:

"Provided that if at any meeting of the Directors a number less than the quorum is qualified to vote on any Resolution and the rest are disqualified from voting on such Resolution by reason of the provisions of Article 103 or of Section 91B of the Companies Act, the Director or Directors so qualified to vote and present shall constitute the quorum for the purpose of considering and passing such Resolution."

By Order of the Board,
Killick Industries Limited,
V. F. NOEL PATON,
Managing Director.

Dated this 31st day of Oct. 1950

8991A

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the construction of the following works in our Bus Garage premises at Dadar:—

		Approx. Estimated Cost
(A)	Offices, Pump House Inspection Pits, and foundation for tanks	Rs. 60,000/-
(B)	Water Supply Drainage.	Rs. 30,000/-
(C)	Fabrication & erection of a ground level & an elevated steel tank.	Rs. 15,000/-

Tenders will close on 13th November, 1950. Copies of specifications, General Conditions of Contract, Drawings, Forms of Tender can be obtained from the Office of the Planning Engineer from 10-30 a.m. to 4-30 p.m. on any working day on payment of Rs. 15/- for (A), and Rs. 10/- for (B) and (C). This amount will not be refunded.

8997

NOTICE

THE SARAF OIL MILLS CO. LTD.,
BOMBAY

NOTICE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of a requisition received from the Shareholders of the Company under Article 84 of the Articles of Association of the Company, an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on TUESDAY, the 14th November, 1950, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the Office of the Company's Solicitors Messrs. MADHAVPRASAD & CO., at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Bombay to transact the business stated in the notice, dated 30-10-50, posted to the shareholders individually.

Dated this 30th October, 1950.

By Order of the
Board of Directors.

for The Saraf Oil Mills Co., Ltd.,
KISHANDUTT DWARKADAS
Managing Agents.

8998

PUBLIC NOTICES

TATA CHEMICALS LIMITED

NOTICE

THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL GENERLL MEETING of TATA CHEMICALS, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 24th November, 1950, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ended 30th June 1950.
2. To elect Directors in place of:-
   (i) Walchand Hirachand Esq.,
   (ii) Tulsidas Kilachand Esq., and
   (iii) Dr. Syed Hussain Zaheer who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To consider re-election of and, if approved to re-elect, Mr. K.A.D. Naoroji, who retires under the provisions of Article 132 and is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 3rd November, 1950, to SATURDAY, the 25th November 1950, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
Tata Industries Limited,
Managing Agents,
K. A. D. NAOROJI,
Director.

Bombay, 6th October, 1950

8993

NOTICE

ONE Beechcraft BONANZA MODEL A 35, with High performance, Speed (160 mph.) and very low operating costs (6 gls. per hour) with all accessories immediately available For Sale. New Auxiliary Fuel Tank of 20 U.S.G. installed. Condition New, Inner cabin converted for princely use. Can be inspected at Indore Aerodrome. Send offers or enquiries to Chief Administrative Officer, Manik Bagh Palace, Indore.

8994

PUBLIC NOTICE

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES.

OFFICE of the Director of Fisheries, Bombay, will move to its New Premises at "THE TARAPOREVALA AQUARIUM, NETAJI SUBASH ROAD, BOMBAY, NO. 2", from November 6, 1950.

8995

AUCTION SALES

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS

AUCTION SALE of the business of M|s G. M. Mahomedally & Co. on Concession No. 81, Place "D" Menelick, D'Jibouti (French Somaliland) with its goodwill, stock-in-trade, building, Agency rights, etc.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, as Receiver appointed in Suit No. 750 of 1947 (Bai Rubabhai and ors. vs. Tyebbhai Mulla Mahomedali and ors.) pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Decree, dated 24th September, 1947 and the Court's Order, dated 11th August, 1950, M|s. BENNETT & CO. will on THURSDAY, 16th Nov. 1950 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at the Auctioneers Rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort, the above mentioned business.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to M|s. Vakil Dadabhai and Bharucha, Attorneys for the Court Receiver or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Machinery Wheels, Lubricating Oil, Colour, Bottles, Tins, Drums and Iron Bundles on 3-11-50 at 2-30 P.M. at Frere Basin by order of the Docks Manager, in accordance with S 64 A of B.P.T. Act. Terms 50% Cash Deposit.

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THE MOST SENSATIONAL HIT OF THE YEAR!
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Music: NAUSHAD
JOIN THE CROWDS AT

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Daily: 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
Plans open: 10 to 2 p.m.
A KARDAR FILMS LTD., Release.

GOVERNMENT MAY TAKE OVER GUR

Minister Criticises Merchants

BOMBAY, Monday: Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supplies Minister, stated today that in view of the "undeclared Satyagraha" launched by Gur traders in the Bombay State, Government were considering the question of fully taking over the distribution of Gur.

He said that Government were inquiring in to the complaints of Gur merchants after the recent order of the Government of India, fixing ceiling prices for Gur. If Gur distribution was taken over by Government, then the stocks which have now gone underground, will have to be declared and will be sold in Government grain shops and Consumers Co-operative Societies.

He said that the ceiling price for Bombay State had been fixed at Rs. 21, which was three rupees more than in other States. The merchants are learnt to have complained that the price fixed for Bombay was uneconomical.

He announced that during November the sugar ration would be eight ounces per week. No additional quota of sugar had been received for Divali.

STATE TRANSPORT'S NEW VENTURE

Poona-Mahableshwar Service

BOMBAY, Monday.

The State Transport luxury buses specially constructed at the State Transport Central Coach Building Workshop at Santa Cruz and which were on view at the Nasik Exhibition recently, will be plying for the first time when the S.T.'s Express Service between Poona and Mahableshwar is inaugurated on November 1, 1950.

Two such vehicles, with their luxurious fittings and extremely comfortable seating arrangements will be on service on this route as an experimental measure from the morning of 1st November. More will be put on service as and when needed.

Among the special amenities provided in the bus will be an ice-box and thermos which will ensure for the passengers cold water and fruit-juice, a book shelf with interesting books, magazines, newspapers etc. and a radio set to give music and the latest news.

RESERVATIONS

The charge for a seat in the Special Express Service from Poona to Mahableshwar will be Rs. 5/8/0. Arrangements for reservations are made at Poona railway station and also at the State Transport Central Station, opposite Bombay Central. At Bombay, reservations will be made, for not more than 15 seats, up to 6 p.m. on the previous evening on payment of a small reservation fee. No booking will be done at the Bombay V.T. railway station for these special buses.

The Poona-Mahableshwar journey by State Transport luxury bus will take about 3½ hours and the buses will have limited number of stops on way. Special attention will be paid towards maintaining regularity of service and scoring the comfort of the passengers.

Vacation Libraries During Diwali Holidays

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee has sanctioned the opening of Vacation Libraries for the benefit of school children who remain in Bombay during the Diwali Holidays (November 1950).

Twenty-two Vacation Libraries are being opened at Colaba, Dongri, Imamwada, Mandvi, Nalbazar, Thakurdwar, V. P. Road, Byculla, Nagpada, Parel Central, Matunga, Naigaum, Dharavi, Worli, Dadar Mahim, Bandra, Vakola, Andheri, Kurla, Bhandup and Chembur.

Vacation Libraries at these centres will be open from Monday, November, 13 to Saturday, November 18 from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily.

Books of all languages will be kept at every Centre according to the requirements of the locality concerned. Teachers will be appointed at each Centre to help the pupils in the selection of books and to guide them in all possible ways.

Drawing Grade And Higher Art Exams Body Formed

BOMBAY, Monday.

A six-member Examination Committee has been constituted by the Government of Bombay to control and supervise the conduct of the Drawing Grade Higher Art Examinations. The decision to constitute such a Committee was taken by the Government after consulting the Advisory Board of Art Education on the question of the reorganization of the present Board of Examiners.

The Examinations in Greater Bombay will be organised by the Head of the Painting and Fine Art Section, Sir J. J. School of Art, and elsewhere in the State by the Inspector of Drawing and Craftwork.

HISTORICAL FIND IN GUJERAT

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, Oct. 30.

Excavations carried to a depth of 27 feet on the site of the original Somnath temple have recently brought to light four water drain holes, the lowest hole being held by the antiquaries to be of the days of the Kshtrapa rulers (B.C. 70-A.D. 389).

SEED SHORTAGE: Great shortage of wheat seeds for winter crops is felt in Radhanpur a town in Banaskantha District. The seeds supplied by Government are considered to be inadequate and if additional seeds are not supplied in time, one lakh acres of cultivable land are likely to remain fallow.

Picture taken when the "Cleaner Bombay" campaign was launched by Mayor Patil on Tuesday last. Municipal Commissioner P. R. Nayak is seen speaking.

Talks on health and civic responsibility were broadcast from mobile vans during "Cleaner Bombay" week.

Eradicate Unsocial Habits

Mr. PATIL'S EMPHASIS

(Continued from Page 1)

In his inaugural speech, the Mayor, Mr. S. K. Patil, stressed great emphasis on eradication of unsocial habits which endanger public health. He told a crowded audience assembled at Gilder Tank Maidan that the city should have mobile magistrates to punish those who endanger public health. He was particularly referring to the dirty habits of spitting in the streets and suggested on-the-spot punishments on such citizens who violate codes of hygienic and sanitation. The Mayor had thus touched the root of the problem, namely, educating the masses and teaching them cleaner habits.

HEALTH EXHIBITION

At Gilder Tank Maidan, the Municipality has organised a health exhibition where citizens are taught how to keep the city clean. In addition to stalls of the Health Propaganda Section of the Bombay Municipality, the British Information Service and the United States Information Service have also lent interesting posters and photographs on maintenance of public health in Britain and the United States. I saw visitors crowding into these stalls daily and trying to understand these charts. Unfortunately, there is no one to explain to inquisitive visitors the meaning and significance of these charts. I saw some youngsters arguing among themselves what the charts stand for and then leave the stalls disappointed.

Strangely enough, the common people have reacted in different ways to the "Cleaner and Healthier Week" in Bombay.

I met Dondu Keshav Rane, a factory worker, residing in a one-room tenement in Girgaum. He was of the opinion that the Week has no effect on his landlord, who is determined to keep the building in insanitary condition despite protests from tenants. He gave the instance of the water-tap in his building which gets choked every third day in the week, but neither the landlord nor his agents, who comes to collect the rents regularly on the first of every month, ever pays heed to the complaints of the tenants.

'Why, even the latrine flush is not working for the last four months", he added with a cynical expression on his face. "Has the Municipality done anything in the matter"? he asked me point-blank.

LANDLORD'S VIEW

A landlord owning nearly a dozen buildings in the same locality, who wishes to remain anonymous, laid the blame entirely on the shoulders of his tenants. He was very pessimistic of the success of the Week. According to him, the tenants as a class did not fully co-operate with their landlords in maintaining cleanliness in the premises. "How does the Municipality propose to instil clean habits among these tenants within a week?" he asked me in utter dismay.

An office-going, white-collared clerk, Madhav Narayan Apte, residing in a two-room tenement in a chawl at Khetwadi said that the Municipality was merely wasting Rs. 20,000 in this campaign, because, he said, whatever interest the Week might arouse among the citizens would be only momentary. The so-called civic consciousness, he added, would fade away as soon as the celebration of the Week was over. He gave the instance of his own chawl, where a Residents' Committee has been set up at the instance of a Congress Corporator, but the Committee, he pointed out, did nothing. As a matter of fact, he said, the Committee never met since its inception.

WHOLEHEARTED SUPPORT

The only person, wholeheartedly supported the celebration of the Cleaner and Healthier Week by the Municipality, I found, was a Congress Corporator residing in this Ward. Dr. B. P. Divgi, a medical practitioner, who has been taking keen interest in the problems of sanitation and health facing the citizens, being a member of the Municipal Health and Medical Committee, told me that the idea behind the celebration of the Week was laudable. He gave the instance of his own locality, Talamakwadi, at Tardeo Road, where, he said in almost every building volunteers have been drawn up to maintain cleanliness. He, however, thought that there should be some movement on a permanent footing to maintain cleanliness in the city throughout the year.

Mr. Nathalal D. Parekh, another Congress Corporator, said that the celebration of the Week had aroused mass consciousness in regard to sanitation and health.

On the contrary, Mr. Dinkar Desai, the Socialist Councillor, who had vehemently opposed this proposal both in the Standing Committee and in the Corporation, still held the view that it was "only waste of public money for the publicity of a few Congress Corporators". He said that he had based his opposition on sound arguments which no Congressman could refute. Health propaganda to be effective, he said, should be carried on continuously as a permanent measure under a specially trained staff.

MUNICIPAL INEFFICIENCY

He also advanced a new argument that the people in the "D Ward" where the Week is being celebrated had not taken seriously the propaganda of the Municipality to keep the city clean. Because, he said, the Bombay Municipality itself was guilty of a serious dereliction of duty in the matter of keeping the city clean. "In fact, today the Bombay Municipal administration has become notorious for its utter inefficiency in maintaining proper sanitation", he added. "Let the Municipality improve sanitary conditions before teaching the people the principles of cleanliness. Example is always better than precept", he observed.

Judging from the glowing accounts given by officials of the Municipal Health Department, the "Cleaner and Healthier Week" seems to have been a mighty success. They stated that over 180 committees of residents, including the landlords of the buildings concerned, had already been formed in that Ward. Their functions were to see that their respective buildings are maintained in healthy conditions. The Municipality has also set up an organisation known as Health Guards and, so far, 200 have been recruited from among social and other organisations in the city. There is a proposal to invest the Health Guards with powers to deal with insanitary conditions. They will also visit buildings and chawls, persuading the residents to dump refuse in its proper place and to cultivate hygienic habits. This is a permanent machinery emerging out of the celebrations of the Week, the officials of the Municipal Health Department, stated.

I was also told that the response to the competition orgauised by the Municipality during the Week offering 18 awards for the cleanest residential premises and 12 awards for the cleanest hotels had been very encouraging. More than 180 residential premises and 150 hotels participated in this competition. But, in my opinion, it is doubtful whether hotels can be encouraged to become hygienic by the award of such prizes. The Municipality has to take more positive steps by frequent supervision of hotels and by drastically closing down such of the establishments as are found unclean.

Luxmi Markar Building at Khetwadi was described by the officials of Municipal Health Department as an "ideally clean building". It was strongly tipped for the first prize in the competition. I visited the building and talked to tenants there. It appeared to me that the tenants were by habit clean. The launching of this campaign had not in the least affected them. A municipal sweeper, who cleans the premises regularly, told me that the residents fully co-operated with him in maintaining the building clean.

If more such buildings exist in the city, I feel that the campaign of the Municipality to have a lasting 'New Look' by removing most of the dirt-ridden and unpresentable spots in this "Urbs Prima in Indis" would bear fruit.

MAYOR'S ASSAM RELIEF FUND

Brilliant Programme At The Taj

BOMBAY, Monday.

A brilliant programme has been got up for the ASSAM BALL in aid of the Mayor's Assam Earthquake Relief Fund to take place at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Monday, 6th November, from 8 p.m. to midnight Besides Ballroom Dancing it includes a cultural feast, whose principal attraction is RAJKUMAR PRIYA GOPAL SINGH of Assam, renowned for his Manipuri technigue.

Aided by his talented troupe made up of Satyavati Mathrani, Nuru Rajabali, Premila D'Souza, Francis Coelho, Peggy Kanga and others, along with Laxman Singh and Tej Manisingh as MRUDUNGA players, and music provided by Natubhai Nayak and his party, the RAJKUMAR will put over a genuine Manipuri Ballet the like of which Bombay has yet to see.

MISS YASHODRA KATJU, famous-film star, will also give a special colourful Marwari Folk Dance and another unique Dance entitled "Madhukar".

A new comer to Bombay, but renowned in South India is Kumari C. V. S. Vasantha of Tanjore, a brilliant exponent of Bharatnayan, who will also give a performance.

WESTERN CULTURE

Western Culture will be represented in this pageantry by dances and music of Spain to be given by well known foreign artists.

Yet another unique feature of the programme will be a Picture Art Gallery of water colour landscapes specially donated by students of the J. J. School of Arts.

A very colourful brochure is being prepare for the occasion containing the story of Assam, its suffering, its history, its curiosities and culture, its facts and figures, and illustrations of the recent havoc.

Tickets at Rs. 15 per head with Table Reservation free, are sold from the Taj Mahal Hotel and other leading clubs and hotels including the Yacht Club and Bombay Gymkhana.

Science For The Common Man

EXHIBITION OPENS IN CITY

BOMBAY, Monday: A Common Man's Science Exhibition "to acquaint the common man with the good side of science" was declared open at the St. Xavier's College today by Mr. Champaklal G. Modi, the President of the Bombay City Social Education Committee.

The exhibition has been organised by the Science Department of the St. Xavier's College under the auspices of the above Committee. It comprises seven sections viz., physics, botany, zoology, microbiology, sound engineering, chemistry and geology. Interesting experiments in science "to educate the common man" and acquaint him with "the elementary principles of the working of Nature" are a special feature of the exhibition.

Mr. Modi who declared open the exhibition in place of Mayor Patil who is ill said that though he commended the idea of holding exhibitions as part of the general education plan, he felt that such exhibition should serve a better purpose if held in the slum areas which were steeped in ignorance and superstition.

He hoped that in future other city educational institutions will organise such exhibitions in the labour localities so that the benefit of science might reach the common man.

Special days have been fixed for the different schools of the city to avail themselves of the exhibition which will be open to the public for a week.

Madras Ban On Meetings

MADRAS, Oct. 30 (PTI): The Commissioner of Police has today extended the order prohibiting meetings, processions and demonstrations in the city without a licence up to December 31 1950.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Asoe Vad 5 2006.
Muslim: Moharram 19, 1369.
Parsi: Ardibehesht 29 1320.
Sunrise 6-39 a.m. Sunset 6-7 p.m.
Hightide 03-00, 14-14 Lowtide 08-54. 20-20.

Today's Engagements

ROTARY CLUB: Dr. Ngupen Duy Tanh on 'Is Viet Nam Next?', Greens Hotel 1-45 p.m.

FRIENDS OF INDIA SOCIETY: Birthday celebration of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Kaiser Baug Dongri, 6 p.m. Mr. S. K Patil will preside.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF CULTURAL COOPTN.: Miss Nguyen Thi Chau on the Viet Namese way of life, Government Law College, 6 p.m.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Mr D. R. Murdeshwar on Soviet Foreign Policy, Town Hall, 6-15 p.m.

Y. M. C.A. Public lecture 'World Peace Through Geography'. Y.M.C.A. premises, Wodehouse Rd. 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY LIBRARY ASSN.: Educational film show. People's Library, Dadar, 7 p.m.

Sardar Jayanti Programme

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will celebrate the 75th birthday of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, on Tuesday, October 31, 1950. The following programme has been fixed in this connection:

Flag Salutation at Congress House at 8 a.m.

Public Meeting at Madhav Baug, at 6-30 p.m. when Shri S. K. Patil, President, BPCC and Mayor of Bombay; Sir Cowasji Jehangir; the Ex-Ruler of Bansda and Dr. V. B. Gandhi will speak. Shri B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay will preside.

The Pulse Of The City

ARRESTED: Nanji Parsoo, an official of the Control Cloth Dealers' depot and his employee were arrested for allegedly selling more than allotted quota of cloth. Police also seized 21 takas of cloth.

RASH DRIVING: Dattoo Jayaram was arrested for alleged rash driving resulting in the death of one person.

BREACH OF TRUST: William John Irwin who is stated to have made false representations to Mr. H. C. Cannon Travel Manager of Thomas Cook and Sons on the strength of which Mr. Cannon gave him a sum of Rs. 300 was arrested. The accused is also stated to have sold the car of Mr. Cannon the sale proceeds of which he kept to himself. The car has not been so far recovered.

Defamation Case Compounded

BOMBAY, Monday.

A case for defamation filed before the Presidency Magistrate, Mr. M. J. Gordhandas, at the Esplanade Police Court by Mr. H. N. Marshall Deputy Manager of the India United Mills, Ltd., Bombay, against Dr. Cawas Byramji Bharucha of East and West Court, Colaba Causeway, in respect of certain statements made by Dr. Bharucha in the records of the India United Mills, Ltd., where he was formerly employed as Medical Officer, was compounded with the leave of the Court, upon the accused withdrawing the statements complained of, stating that they were not true and tendering an apology.

After the prosecution had led evidence, the Court had framed a charge under Section 500 of the I.P.C. against the accused. The case however, was compounded and the accused discharged.

In respect of a case fixed by the Complainant against the accused in the High Court of Bombay, to recover damages in respect of the same defamatory statements made by the accused, it was agreed that it should be withdrawn upon the accused paying towards the costs of the suit, a sum of Rs. 1,000/- to the Complainant.

Hirakud Dam Project Progressing Well

SAMBULPUR Oct. 30 (UPI): Shri N. V. Gadgil Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, expressed satisfaction over the progress of the Hirakud Dam Project. He complimented those engaged in the work.

New Office Premises

BOMBAY, Monday.

The new office address of the Bombay Public Service Commission is the Bank of India Buildng, 3rd floor, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.

The office of the Director of Fisheries Bombay, will move to its new premises at the Taraporevala Aquarium, Netaji Subhas Road Bombay 2, from November 6.

TATA MILLS STRIKE CALLED OFF

BOMBAY, Monday.

The strike which continued since October 16 in the Spinning Departments of the Textile and the Tata Mills of Bombay, was withdrawn unanimously by the workers because of the subsequent mutual settlement arrived at through the efforts of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha. In the Textile Mill, the complement of doffer boys was restored to that which existed before the general strike of the textile workers. In the Tata Mills also the status quo of the complement of Siders was maintained.

Overseas Mails

BOMBAY, Monday: The next despatch of sea mails from India for Great Britain and Ireland Europe, Central and Southern America, British West Africa, Gold Coast Nigeria, Mediterranean countries, Egypt, Arabia and Aden will be made from Bombay on November 3, 1950 by P. and O. RMS. "Himalaya". Mails arriving in Bombay Foreign Post up to 12 noon on November 3 will be included in the desapTch subject to limit of shipping space.

Student Knocked Down

BOMBAY, Monday.

Kamlaprasad Jagovind an 11-year-old student residing at Islampura, who was riding a cycle along Marine Drive, was knocked down and killed on the spot under a C route B.E.S.T bus which was proceeding from North to south this noon.

The body was immediately removed by the police to the city morgue where it was identified by the uncle of the deceased. The Esplanade Police are making investigations.

Gift From Nairobi

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30, (UPI): The Prime Minister's Secretariat has received from the Commissoner for the Government of India in British East Africa, Nairobi, a sum of Rs. 29 982-4-0 being the contribution by the Indian community there for the Assam Earthquake Relief Fund.

A Tip To Government

RAJKOT, Oct. 30 (PTI): The Rajkot Hindu Sabha yesterday requested the Government of India to withdraw immediately the Kashmir question from the United Nations and recommended that efforts should be made to settle the dispute directly with Pakistan.

Wholemeal Wheatflour To City Bakers

The Public Relations Officer, Rationing writes: Owing the delay in the arrival of overseas wheatflour, arrangements have been made to supply locally manufactured wholemeal wheatflour to the bakers from Monday, October 30, 1950 i.e. during 44th Rationing Week. The bread prepared from this flour would be similar in appearance to the bread which was being manufactured when such flour was issued in the past.

Smuggling In Full Swing

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30, Smuggling of foodgrains over the Bihar-U.P. border has begun in right earnest owing to scarcity conditions in both the States. Continued drought has made it impossible for large numbers of kisans to cultivate their lands for Rabi in eastern districts.

Two instances of smuggling involving thousands of maunds of rice were detected by the police on the Bihar border.

Decline In Cholera Deaths In Satara

BOMBAY, Oct. 30 (PTI): There has been appreciable decline in cholera deaths in North and South Satara districts, where the epidemic claimed 200 lives in one week during this month, according to official reports here.

During the week ended October 21, 166 persons died of cholera out of 369 cases reported.

Besides the three mobile hospitals already functioning in the two districts, a portion of one more mobile hospital with 20 beds has been rushed from Hubli to the area to deal with the epidemic.

Public health and epidemic medical staff have been mobilised from various districts to work in the highly affected areas. Over ten lakhs of inoculations against cholera have been performed in north and South Satara Districts, Sholapur and Bijapur Districts.

PARROT'S FEAT

KALYAN Oct. 30, (H. S.): A pet parrot belonging to Shri G. R. Muley a prominent local citizen has aroused keen interest and amazement among the public of Karjat, a nearby town in Kolaba District.

Generally, parrots repeat ordinary words only when they are trained. But this caged bird quite distinctly utters the slogans such as Vande Mataram', 'Bharat Mata-ki-Jay' and Hindu Dharma ki-Jai'.

AMBASSADOR OF PEACE

Mr. Pablo Neruda, famous Chilean poet and a leader of world peace movement addressed a press conference on Monday at the Journalists Club.

WORLD PEACE MOVEMENT

Chilean Poet's View

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. Pablo Neruda, the noted Chilean poet and a leader of the World Peace Movement said here today that world peace movement had been gaining ground. Over five million signatures—950,000 from India—had been received for the Stockholm Peace Appeal, he said.

He welcomed Pandit Nehru's utterances against the use of atomic bomb He disclosed that he had brought a personal letter for Pandit Nehru from Dr. Juliot Curie, President of the World Peace Committee.

TODAY'S RADIO

TUESDAY, Oct. 31

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Assamese 7 a.m. 1 p.m. 7, Bengal: 7-30 a.m. 2-50 p.m. 7-30, English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6, 9 Gujerati 8 45 a.m. 1 p.m. 6-10 9-15, Kannada 7-45 a.m. 3-15 Hindi 8 15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m. 8 Punjabi 8-30 a.m. 8-15 Marathi 8 30 a.m. Tamil 8-15 Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 Urdu 9 a.m. 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

244 m.—07-40 Prog., 07-45 Hindi by radio, G, 08-15 K Husain, ramkali 13 40 A Haydn prog., 17-30 T L Raju vocal, 17-45 S Ali, Sitar, 18-0 T L Raju vocal, 18-30 K Husain puria, 19-00 A Navsariwala, G bhajan, 19-10 Locals, 19-30 A Navsariwala, G bhajan 19 45 For industrial workers 20-30 V Parekh's G drama, "kalki baat", 21-15 Air artist, compositions of Kavi Nanalal, 21-30 A Marzban & L Clarke, "side by side" 21-45 E talk on Bombay's milk supply, 22-00 Side by side, (contd.)

VARIATIONS

353 m.—07-30 Mangal prabhat, 08-00 S Ali tabla, 08-45 S P Mohile, bhavgeet, 12 45 Tantrakari, 13-00 Bhavgeet & pad, 13-50 Ragdari, 17-30 For children HU, 18-00 S P Mohile, M pad, 18-20 For villagers, M, and 18-50 in K, 19-20 S P Mohile, M pad, 19-30 Commercial news 20-15 Hindi by radio M, 20 30 Prof. B B Deshpande's M talk "durache diwe, 20-45 Poetry recitation M 21-00 B Majrekar, kh. b. Kannada, 21 30 Film songs K Husain kh. d. Kannada

BARODA

250 m. 08-15 Shastriyn sangeet, 08-30 R. Dave, kh. lalit, 18-20 B Thakar, flute, 18-30 For rural listeners 19-00 Lessons in Hindi, 19-15 G talk on 'Fauchher", 19-30 B Thakar, flute, 19-40 R Dave, kh. puria & geets, 20-10 Locals 20-30 Film songs, 21-15 R Dave, geets, 21-30 Radio Orch. 21-45 As in Bombay.

AHMEDABAD

326-1 m. 08-15 S Panchal's party G geets, 08-30 At the altar of Lord, 18-20 As in Baroda, 18-30 D K Sohoni bhajans 18-45 Garba ghune, 19-00 Lessons in Hindi, 19-15 R G Parikh's talk on gardening for layman, 19-30 For industrial workers, 20-00 Locals, 20-05 D K Sohoni, bhajan 20-30 V R Athavale, thumri 20-45 S Panchal's party G geets, 21-15 P Mullick, 21-30 As in Baroda 21-45 As in Bombay.

Running Commentary

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30 (PTI): A running commentary of the public reception to be held on the Laldarwaza grounds at 5 p.m. tomorrow in honour of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, deputy Prime Minister, will be broadcast by the Ahmedabad station of the All-India Radio. The broadcast will include the speech to be delivered by Sardar Patel.

Talk On Milk Supply Scheme

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Hon'ble Shri M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, Government of Bombay, will broadcast a talk entitled "Milk Supply Scheme in Bombay State" in the series 'On the Home Front" on October 31, at 9 45 P. M on 244, 41 44, 353 and 61 98 metres.

"Non-Cereal Monday" Move In Bihar

PATNA, Oct. 30, (PTI): In view of the acute food situation in the State the Government of Bihar is organising a campaign in the urban areas for a non-cereal Monday. The food thus saved will be utilised in the scarcity areas.

A report of two starvation deaths in Muzaffarpur was denied officially yesterday. More fair price shops are being opened throughout the State and vigorous drive has been launched to protect crops from pest.

MEHTA WARNS MILLOWNERS

Stop Victimisation, He Says

BOMBAY, Monday.

A warning that any effort at large scale victimisation of textile strikers by the mill managements would be resisted by the Socialist Party with all their strength, has been given by Mr. Asoka Mehta, General Secretary of the Party.

In a statement, Mr. Mehta says: "Since the withdrawal of the textile strike in Bombay, on October 14, 223 workers have not been taken back to work. 178 workers of Colaba Land and Mill were refused employment. In eight other mills, 45 other workers have been denied admission into the mills and an enquiry into their conduct is going on.

"In the meanwhile the Millowners' Association, Bombay have issued a strictly confidential circular dated October 26, 1950 to all members mills in Bombay city and Kurla. The circular lays down the procedure for taking disciplinary action.

"It is seen from the circular that the Millowners Association are preparing for a big scale victimisation for the November 12. The Millowners' Association evidently are unwilling to restore normal conditions in the textile industry and they are anxious to provoke further dislocations. The workers can never permit such an victimisation of their representatives and spokesmen.

"I hope the people and the Government will not permit the textile barons to behave in this unsocial manner. Any effort at such large scale victimisation will be resisted by us with all our strength."

LEAVE TO HYDRAULIC ENGINEER

Municipal Executive's Action Criticised

BOMBAY, Monday.

Allegations that the Municipal Executive had been deliberately and intentionally flouting the authority of its parent body, namely, the Bombay Municipal Corporation were made by several Socialist Corporators at a meeting of the Corporation today. Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas presided in the absence of the Mayor, Mr. S. K. Patil.

The question arose out of a Congress-sponsored resolution seeking the sanction of the House to grant six weeks' leave to Mr. K. B. Carnac, Hydraulic Engineer, beginning from September 18 last. The resolution further sought the permission of the House to nominate Mr. B. J. Bhiwandiwalla, Assistant Engineer, Water Works Department, to act as Hydraulic Engineer in the absence of Mr. Carnac.

Mr. Dinker Desai, opposing the resolution, pointed out that the Hydraulic Engineer had almost enjoyed his leave even before it was sanctioned by the Corporation. In fact he was expected to be back within a week's time. It was unfair on the part of the majority party to come forward with a resolution of this nature at such a late hour. The delay was deliberate and intentional and was calculated to flout the authority of the Corporation.

Mr. Desai further pointed out that it was the right of the Corporation to nominate any officer. In the present case, the Executive had deprive the Corporation of that right by nominating another officer to act in the place of the Hydraulic Engineer. This "was a mockery of democracy". He hoped that such instances would not occur in future.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha said that the principle of democracy had been jeopardised in as much as the Executive had tried to dominate the Legislature. He asked: "Where is the sense in asking the House to vote on the resolution when nothing is left to vote upon?"

State Aid To Coops Urged

BOMBAY, Monday.

The open session of the Conference of the Consumers' Co-operative Societies in Bombay State passed a resolution today urging the Government to lend wholehearted and systematic support to the co-operative way. Otherwise, the resolution said, the prospects of survival and progress would seriously be marred by unfair competition from powerfully entrenched dealers. The Conference also urged the necessity of sound capital structure for co-operative stores.

National Health Service Doesn't Suit India

COIMBATORE, Oct 30 (PTI): Dr Chamanlal N Mehta, President of the Indian Medical Association said here that the idea of the national health service was not suited to India.

Widespread Rain In Orissa

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA Oct. 30, (PTI): Following is the daily all-India weather summary from Monday, the October 30, 1950.

Yesterday's trough of low pressure in the Bay of Bengal still extends from the North Andaman sea to the Circars coast and the neighbourhood. It has caused widespread rain in Orissa and local rain in Gangetic West Bengal and coastal Andhradesa. A few falls of rain have also been reported from Bihar, Chota Nagpur and the Khasi hills.

Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in the Deccan (Desh), West Madhya Pradesh, East Rajasthan and Mysore and were appreciably above normal in northeast India outside Bihar and in southeast Madhya Pradesh.

Forecast valid until the evening of 31-5:—rainfall will be widespread in coastal Andhradesa and occur locally along the Orissa coast. A few showers are also likely in Assam, Gangetic West Bengal, Tamil Nad and in and near Rayalaseema.

Abu 79 61 0 0 minus 0.8, Ahmedabad 95 63 0 0 minus 0.3, Ahmednagar 89 59 0 1.6 minus 0.6, Ambala 91 54 0 0 minus 0.4, Bangalore 83 64 0 7.3 plus 1.6, Baroda 97 60 0 0 minus 1.7, Belgaum 81 60 0 8.2 plus 3.5, Bhuj 95 67 0 0 minus 0.3, BOMBAY 89 70 0 1.4 minus 1.1, Calcutta 86 77 0 6.4 plus 2.0, Cuttack 80 74 0.3 1.5 minus 3.7, Darjeeling 67 51 0 2 8 minus 2.6, Delhi 89 59 0 0 minus 0.4, Jubbulpur 87 57 0 0.4 minus 1.5, Kanpur 90 60 0 0 minus 1.3, Kolhapur 87 63 0 7.6 —, Lucknow — 59 0 0.1 minus 1.1, Madras 92 78 0 5.9 minus 5.6, Mahableshwar 75 57 0 8.2 plus 1.9, Mussoorie 67 52 0 0 minus 1.1, Mysore 84 62 0 3.1 minus 2.7, Nagpur 89 67 0 0.5 minus 1.7, Ootacamund 62 41 0 8.3 plus 0.4, Patiala 89 55 0 0 minus nil, Patna 93 69 0 0 minus 2.3, Poona 89 57 0 2.8 minus 0.7, Rajkot 96 66 0 0 minus 0.6, Ranchi 80 67 0 1.1 minus 1.9, Shillong 68 58 0.1 6.0 minus 0.5, Sholapur 91 63 0 3.0 0, Simla 67 53 0 0.3 minus 0.9, Surat 10 66 0 0 minus 1.5.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT: An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre at Lat. 28 degrees five minutes Long. 95 degrees E. off Dibrugarh 1520 miles away from Poona was recorded by the Seismographs in the Meteorological Office, Poona at 11 hrs. 37 mts. I. S. T on Sunday October 29. 1950.

British T.U.C.'s Gift To City Workers

BOMBAY, Monday (UPI).

The British Trade Union Congress has sent a cheque for £500 as a donation to help the Bombay textile workers who were on strike, it is learnt today.

The donation has been in response to the appeal by the Hind Mazdoor Sabha.

AIL

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The Bombay Chronicle

LEAVE WELL ALONE

The report of the Rajadhyaksha Committee on Air Transport is a document which should gladden the hearts of those who feel that a general casting of barbs all around is the best index to fairness and a comprehensive survey. The Committee have certainly been painstaking. They have gone into every question relating to the working of the existing airlines; considered all the factors involved in the civil aviation policy of the Government; and weighed the various matters which go to determine economic running of airlines. The result of all these calculations is that everyone concerned is found wanting. Air-India and Air Services of India are accused of over-spending; Indian National Airways has stopped insuring its aircraft, runs unremunerative routes and indulges in costly experiments; Deccan Airways has unnecessarily extensive workshop facilities, and excessive competition to face; Bharat Airways does not allow for adequate insurance and depreciation in its accounting; and Ambica and Jupiter, both liquidated, are not spared on that account.

The only company about whom the Committee appears really enthusiastic, is the Airways (India) Limited, operating from Calcutta. The sense of pleasure at the manner in which this Company has kept down costs, has moved the Committee to comment on the pioneering work done by Airways Limited in Bengal. There is only a gentle rebuke contained in the sentence, "We must add, however, that in our view, the low costs were due in some measure to the maintenance of standards of appearance, passenger comfort and convenience, both in its booking offices and aircraft, somewhat lower than may be desirable in the long run, in view of the influence of these factors on the attraction and retention of traffic. "If, however, the Committee's detailed proposals for standardising conditions in airlines are enforced, then the question of "attracting and retaining traffic" will not arise. In fact, the proposal to concentrate on having five airlines only with distinct routes assigned to them ought itself to eliminate competition and so the question of "attracting traffic" scarcely comes up.

We are not very sure of the wisdom of the recommendations relating to training staff, particularly when it is proposed that "the training organisation be pruned to actual requirements". After all, the work to be performed is specialised and the airlines presumably are basing their calculations on certain standards of efficiency. Moreover, it is one thing if the training was done with a view to providing a State-run undertaking with the personnel it needs. In private concerns, some provision should be allowed for trained personnel accepting more attractive offers outside the firm which carries out the training. In fact, in aviation, the State itself is a competitor. The result of all this and much more that the Report contains is to create a general impression that for a great deal of the financial problems of civil aviation the existing companies are themselves to blame, the rest is due to the licensing of a greater number of companies than the traffic can bear.

On the subject of the night air mail and the Hindustan Aviation airline, the Committee gives the fullest credit to the enterprise of the company in coming forward when established companies stood out. But this appreciation has not prevented the Committee from remarking that the better way would have been to have acceded to the demands of existing Companies for guarantees, nor from recommending that its licence should not be renewed when it expires at the end of January 1951. The renewal of the licence in 1949 is strongly criticised as an act that was favourable to one company but detrimental to aviation as a whole.

Despite all the criticism it had made on the working of existing airlines, the committee, strangely enough, favours private enterprise for the present. After a lengthy discussion of nationalisation, the Committee has arrived at the conclusion that for the next five years, the remaining period of the term licences of most of the companies, the present system should continue. The Government is then asked to review the situation if the companies continue to sustain heavy losses. The period is too short to allow the private enterprise system full scope to function with any degree of confidence. The reason for rejecting immediate nationalisation, to put it bluntly, is the Committee's apprehension that under nationalisation efficiency will drop. If we might venture an impression which is very strong after perusing the Report, the consideration that the ordeal of such rationalisation, as the Committee wishes to see enforced, is better left for private enterprise to face in these days of strikes and collective bargaining, is not altogether absent from its calculations. After all the trouble has been faced by private enterprise, Government is to review the whole position with an eye to nationalisation. This hardly seems fair to the existing concerns. There can be no half-way house to nationalisation. If we have not the necessary talent and ability in Government's personnel to take over aviation and run it better than private enterprise, the honest course would be to cease talking of future possibility of nationalisation and allow full scope for free enterprise.

If the State is not taking over civil aviation, the suggestions on how to run their business economically must be left to the companies to adopt or reject. No private enterprise will continue running at a loss for any appreciable length of time. Civil aviation, it is true, always has a certain measure of State aid but this is of a limited nature and hardly enough to permit of the luxury of extravagant spending. If the existing concerns are given the wider opportunities that the Committee proposes, and in addition are ensured of a reasonably long lease of life, the rest will look after itself. After all, the Committee concedes that the companies have done well.

Advance Kashmir

The decision of the Kashmir National Conference to hold a convention elected through adult franchise to decide the future shape and affiliations of the State, has been warmly commended by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. It is time that something was done to get a move on with the question even though the United Nations is possessed of it. It is unreasonable to contend that the United Nations can adopt on a conflict between two members the attitude that it will not do anything to solve it finally and at the same time will not allow the parties to work for a settlement. Pakistan has been making its contribution to settlement in the way it knows —one is tempted to say even, the only way it knows—by calling for jehad and war and marching armies in public meetings. There is no reason why India should sit with her arms folded and passively wait for things in Kashmir to go from bad to worse. We have said repeatedly that the move of keeping the accession of Kashmir to India, by the established and lawfully constituted authority of the State, tentative meant that it could be only reversed by the free vote of the Kashmiris, expressed in a fair plebiscite. The attempt to reverse it by other means should not be tolerated because it is a betrayal of our promise to the people of Kashmir. We have gone far enough to prove that we have no desire to force a decision on the Kashmiris. Unfortunately it has created the impression outside that either our case is weak or that we are incapable of taking firm action. The result is attempts to force India and Kashmir to give in to Pakistan. It is very necessary that prompt steps are taken to remove this impression and these call for something more positive than what the Prime Minister referred to as the "unhelpful attitude of wait and see."

The Prime Minister has expressed his conviction that Kashmir is being made the pawn of power politics. The charge that Britain and America wish to dispose of Kashmir to suit their particular politics, may seem harsh to British and American students of world politics; but for a long time this opinion has been held by many in India. The other reason which Pandit Jawaharlal offered, is obviously present: That because Kashmir is predominantly Muslim, it should go to Pakistan. It is this notion which India has had to strive against and which is still holding the field. Whilst the United Nations is seeking to force a solution on this basis, there is no point in India and Kashmir suspending everything to await U.N. decision. As Pandit Jawaharlal put it, the securing of more orderly government and better contact with public opinion in Kashmir cannot be an obstacle to the U.N.'s peace effort. It is significant that the Prime Minister should have stressed the limits within which the franchise can be exercised, limits imposed by parts of the State being out of the Kashmir Government's jurisdiction at the moment: but the decision of the Constituent Assembly naturally will apply to the State as a whole.

Thought For The Day

We see the world piece by piece, as the sun, the moon, the animal, the tree; but the whole, of which these are the shining parts, is the soul. Only the vision of that wisdom can the horoscope of the ages be read, and by falling back on our better thoughts, by yielding to the spirit of prophesy which is innate in every man, we can know what it saith.

—EMERSON.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

LONDON, Oct. 30. (PTI-Reuter): Polish deputies sprang to their feet and cheered after ratifying the Polish-East German Treaty fixing the Oder-Neisse Line as the frontier between the two countries, the Polish Press Agency reported in a dispatch received here yesterday...

The deputies gave a special ovation to Dr. Freidrich Worlf, Warsaw representative of the East German Government, who watched from the diplomatic gallery, while the bill had its third and final reading in the Seym (Parliament) on Saturday.

* * *

Warning at Jubbulpore that the Congress is passing through a critical stage and that symptoms of weakness and discord are apparent in its rank, Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai urged that elements responsible for such deterioration should never be tolerated and must the dealt with unsparingly in the interest of the institution, the people and the country.

Hadn't Mr. Kidwai better be careful, lest he might have his plea applied to himself.

* * *

Guruji Golwalkar has announced that the R.S.S. would not "directly participate" in the forthcoming General Elections in India.

We believe him. Indirect participation would be even more effective.

* * *

The R.S.S., Guruji explained, "has no political ambitions."

No. That would be limiting the sweep of the R.S.S. ambitions.

* * *

If, Mr. B. N. Rau feels, Communist China had been seated in the United Nations, the very fact that it might have been called upon to account for its actions before a world tribunal, might have deterred any invasion of Tibet.

Probably, the United Nations, or rather the United States, forgot Tibet, so to speak.

* * *

Supporting the move to revoke the U. N. ban on Spain the Dominican Republic delegate urged on the Assembly that the U.N. should not close its doors to anyone and that the Spanish people had a legitimate right to be represented in the U.N. specialised agencies, which were technical bodies.

The Spanish people have, in fact, the legitimate right to be represented even in Spanish bodies, technical, political, parliamentary etc. etc.

* * *

Giving his impressions of the current U.N. Session, the Canadian External Affairs Minister is reported to have said that the speeches of Soviet delegates had become shorter thus giving a little more speed to the work of U. N. meetings.

Except when Sir Muhammad Zafrullah was there to make up for Soviet shortness.

He Is Seventy-Five Today

SARDAR PATEL, THE MAN OF ACTION

By Sukumar Roy

SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL seventy-fifth birthday draws to him love and veneration from the whole of the people of India. Their response to his fifty-fifth birthday would have been of respect, to the sixty-fifth birthday of awe with fear. To-day he evokes, with the earlier feelings, genuine affection. He has grown with years, and our understanding of his genius has matured like wise.

Since the advent of Indian independence and the establishment of a National Government, the Sardar has given new proof of his political acumen and also revealed parliamentary gifts of a high order. As Deputy Prime Minister in charge of such vital portfolios as Home and States, he has made history. It is freely acknowledged that for guarding the home-front against external aggression or internal disorder and for taking bold decisions and exercising executive authority, there is not another man of his stature in the country.

His is a composite make-up, sharp in intellect, quick in understanding, firm in decision, unrelenting in action and indefatigable in energy. It is seldom that all these attributes are combined in a single individual.

His name stands for discipline not only in Congress but in the whole theatre of Indian politics. Keen, sober, stern-eyed, and grave, he possesses the foresight of a General and the alertness of a soldier. His profound knowledge of human nature and deep mastery over details give him a unique place amongst the political leaders of India.

Sardar Patel is full of anger against the anti-social elements, the reactionaries and their henchmen. He is sternminded and cannot brook opposition. But sternness is no enemy of politeness in him. "I have accepted Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru", he once declared, "as my leader and my place will not be in the Cabinet if my actions did not have the approval of my leader, or if they did not strengthen his hands." Sometimes there are rumours of differences, of course, not unoften followed by denials from Sardar Patel dispelling all doubts from the minds of his countrymen. Reiterating his denial on Gandhi-Jayanti day, he declared in unambiguous language, "we are all soldiers of Gandhiji's freedom army. I have never laid any stress on the fact that I am Deputy Prime Minister. In the political field it is Prime Minister Nehru who is the undisputed head. Bapu repeatedly declared that his mantle would fall on the shoulders of Pandit Nehru. It becomes, therefore, our religious duty that we should respect this sentiment of Mahatma Gandhi."

RESPONSIVE SOUL

Behind a cold and cynical exterior, Sardar holds a mighty, emotional and responsive soul and an untiring spirit of work. "His stern, rugged and grave exterior is like an iron casket that holds rare and hidden gems of devotion, sweetness and charm", says Sarojini Naidu. Truly there within the frame throbs a golden heart where flows the milk of human kindness and affection. His patriotism is intrepid and passion for India's independence is implacable.

Sardar Patel was born on October 31, 1875 at Karamsad of Kheda district in Gujerat, of a Patidar family. His native district was in those days known as the most unruly part of the province. Family feuds, murders and impulsive acts were common and Vallabhbhai's elder brother was murdered in such a feud. His father, Jhaverbhai went from Gujerat to the North to join the rebellion of 1857. The Sardar embodies in himself the finest traditions of peasant stock and the native impulsiveness and spirit of adventure which characterises the people of Kheda. He matriculated from Nadiad High School, passed the District Pleader's examination and started practice on the criminal side at Godhra. Civil suits held no interest for him but he delighted to wrestle with the intricacies of criminal cases. Soon his name became a terror to the judiciary. The resident Magistrate's Court in which he took to practice was twice shifted to escape the cunning of the shrewd young pleader.

Anxious to move in wider fields, Vallabhbhai went to England to qualify for the bar. On his return to India he started practice in Ahmedabad. His public life commenced when he entered Ahmedabad Municipality in 1916 and made his mark by the thoroughness of his work as the Chairman of the Sanitary Committee.

At the Ahmedabad Club he first met Mahatma Gandhi and fell under his magnetic spell. Bidding goodbye to the bar, young Patel soon relieved Gandhiji of his responsibility in Gujerat.

YOUNG LIEUTENANT

The year 1918 was a year of acute famine in Gujerat. In vain did the starving people appeal to the bureaucracy for a suspension of assessment. A deep sense of resentment was in the air and Gandhiji, who had just returned from South Africa, found this to be a suitable opportunity for trying the weapon of Satyagraha on the soil of India. Mahatma Gandhi wanted a lieutenant, and he found one in young Patel. Patel and his Satyagraha Chief made an extensive tour of the villages educating the peasants and preparing them for a political movement. They took a vow not to pay taxes and the Satyagraha spread far and wide. The bureaucracy was thus forced to climb down and suspend assessments in the case of poor peasants. The first experiment in Satyagraha in India was successful and Vallabhbhai, like many others, became a devoted admirer and follower of Gandhiji.

During the most stirring phase of our national struggle in 1919 following the Jalianwalabagh massacre, Vallabhbhai ably defended some of the accused arrested in connection with the upsurge. Those were his last appearances as counsel. Very soon Sardarji threw himself wholeheartedly into the political life of the country and became the first President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee in 1921. He became the Chairman of the Reception Committee at the 36th Congress session at Ahmedabad.

While newspaper headlines were filled with the futile labour of the Swarajists in the Assemblies, Vallabhbhai was silently working up for a dramatic climax of action. In 1923 he electrified the whole country by leading the poor dumb peasants of Bardoli to an epic struggle which is popularly known as the Bardoli Satyagraha. The story of Bardoli is the story of the mighty ploughman. Bardoli proved that the power of the state rests with the poor and dumb peasant and not the rich and talkative politician. And that noblest of experiments was performed by Sardar Patel. Bardoli followed Patel and Patel followed Gandhiji. Bardoli had taken part in the movement of 1921 also, and Sardar Patel had left his footprints on the sands of time. But the really tough fight came in 1928.

TOUGH FIGHT

The government wanted to raise the revenue by 25 per cent. There was no justification for it, because the produce had not shown any parallel improvement in the last quarter of a century. Sardar Patel advised the peasants to stand fast and refuse. "The Government," said Sardar Patel, "you can do what you like, but only by force you shall get us to agree to what we do not like. Cut me to pieces but I will not pay."

The peasants of Bardoli underwent a baptism of fire. The British Government stooped so low as to perpetrate the worst forms of oppression. Their stooges and agents swooped down to molest men and women. Seventeen thousand men and forty thousand buffaloes were locked up in insanitary houses for over three months. The darkness stench and filth ate their vitals. Their beloved cattle grew miserable, ulcerated and sickly. Yet they would not yield. Sardar Patel, the seasoned warrior, directed the movement. He attacked the imperial fortification effectively. He forged unity

(Continued on Page 5)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Refugees' Request

The following are extracts from a letter sent to the Chief Secretary, Government of Bombay.

The condition of the Kolwada Refugee Camp is most miserable. There are no roads, lights, schools or hospital. There are about 850 families in this Camp. The majority of the Camp residents are unable to pay expenses for the education of their children, with the result that the children are forced to hawking and some other menial jobs. The rooms which we are occupying are not worth living. They are old Military Barracks made of Chatties and have outlived their life and they are in a most dilapidated condition. We are afraid that the Barracks will hardly stand the next Monsoon and we are not in a position to get it repaired to make them worth living.

We therefore request the Government to build houses for us in the same manner as in the Government camps.

JAIMALSINGH (Chairman of the Housing Society), and 6 others.

No Restriction On Music

We have read the news in the newspapers to the effect that the Rajpramukh of Madhya Bharat has refused to give his assent to "The Music and Noises Prevention Bill" passed by the Madhya Bharat Legislative Assembly. He has objected to sections 7 and 8 of the Bill empowering the District Magistrate to restrict music and noises at any place at any time. He has thought that the power given to the District Magistrate in Section 6 of the Bill for restricting music and noises—temporarily was enough and sections 7 and 8 could be taken out of the Bill.

We welcome the right action of the Rajpramukh and thank him for his courageous attitude. As he has rightly observed, entertainment forms an important part of the life of the society and contributes to its welfare.

It is regrettable that music which is a divine art soothing the tired minds of the people should have been put on the level of noises. The Art of Indian Music and Dancing is an age-old Art of India and reputed for its excellence. It is beneficial, for the society and hence the people and Princes of India have encouraged it and maintained it upto now. Now as the situation is completely changed in Free India it is but to be hoped that the State and the Central Governments should encourage it. In any case, they should not put any restrictions on it.

We hope that the Governments of other States of India will not put any restrictions on the Art of Indian Music and Dancing but will encourage it and help it to better progress.

CHAUDHARI HUSEN BUX
ABDUL JABBAR LIGHTWALA

FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Disappearing Trick

The Indian rope trick has a reputation in the world which has stood firm in spite of the fact that there is hardly any person who has seen the real thing performed. The very fact that it is so rare an occurrence seems to invest it with an air of mystery which has only increased interest in it. But right under its nose, as it were, the world is seeing a new kind of vanishing trick which puts past performances in the field completely in the shade. It was not long ago that the western world heard with a shock the news of the sudden disappearance of the atom scientist Prof. Bruno Pontecorvo who seems to have sought sanctuary in the vast if not hospitable land of the Soviets to further his researches in the atomic field no doubt to promote "peace" with a bomb. And now comes the report that another scientist has also disappeared. Dr. Walter Zimmermann, rocket and radar expert, is no longer in the British zone of Germany. It is somewhat unfortunate that the news of flights of scientists from the west to the east should be dramatised, for they give the impression that Communism of the Stalinist variety has some peculiar attraction for scientists. It is necessary to emphasise that there are also scientists and other humanists who flee the land of the Red Star to breathe a freer air. It is natural that these should be few and far between as it is difficult to get away from the Communist countries. Apart from the difficulties of securing the outward passage, the feeling that their near and dear ones will be subjected to all the tortures, mental and physical which the Communist police are capable of, makes many who are fed up with the Communist way of life stay on. Even then, there are brave souls who defy all impediments and the ban on the foreign tours of some of the athletes in Communist countries testifies to the fact that the rulers know that it is only the strong arm of the law which is keeping many in their place.

Ghost Ration Cards

Like several other towns, Ahmedabad, too, has revealed on investigation, the existence of ghost ration cards; but, according to the latest news, 5300 such cards were surrendered to the rationing office in response to the appeal made by the authorities. This action of holders of fictitious cards, laudable though it might seem to be, deserves no praise as it amounts to belated realisation by them of the duty from which they should not swerve under any circumstances; but all the same, it should serve as an example to others who have employed foul tricks to draw rations which they do not need or use. The evil of ghost cards is one of the factors to which dissipation of the resources of food should be attributed. It also forms one of the channels which feed blackmarket. When the food situation in the country virtually amounts to a state of national emergency, it should be the duty of every citizen to conserve the resources of food supply to the maximum; but the rampancy of the anti-social element of ghost cards gives an unpleasant impression that freedom has not yet led irresponsible sections of the people towards realisation of the obligations and duties which it imposes upon them. Since it is difficult to detect all the holders of ghost cards or to dissuade, those who take their meals in restaurants, from drawing their legitimate rations, willing co-operation of such people has to be solicited in order to prevent waste of food from overuse as well as misuse. If appeals to forego a day's ration or even a single meal have not proved fruitful, the effort to make food secure against loss to an appreciable degree needs to be directed to the field covered by ghost cards which has almost remained unexplored.

A Reasonable Demand

According to a New York report, the National Association for the advancement of coloured Peoples has asked the American Justice Department to apply the recently passed Internal Security Act to the Nationalist Party of South Africa to bar entry of its members into the United States. Communists, Fascists, Nazis, and also Spanish Falangists have been banned entry into the United States under that law. That being the case, the Association has asked for its application to the Malanist Whites of South Africa. Mr. Henry Moon, the Association's Public Relations Officer, has argued in justification of the demand that "we were not originally in favour of this law, but now that it has been passed and is being applied to Communists and other totalitarian groups, it is only fair that it should be applied to parties propagating racist principles."

Test Of U. S. Democracy

Mr. Moon's plea is unexceptionable and unanswerable. Indeed, no other party deserves to be subjected to the provisions of this law as fully and imperatively as Dr. Malan's "Nationalist" Whites of South Africa. South African Whites answer to the main attributes of totalitarianism because, a small minority though they are, they exercise complete domination over the vast majority of the population of South Africa and that too as by law. If what prevails in South Africa is not totalitarianism what is totalitarianism? But that is not all. In addition there is in force the abominable "principle" of racism, which establishes the all round supremacy of the White race over the coloured races, which latter are assigned a status of subservient inferiority in perpetuity. The South African Whites are practising on a vast scale what Adolph Hitler preached but applied to a small minority, namely, the Jew. We should like to know wherein Malan differs from Hitler unless in the sense that Hitler was a modest Nazi as compared with Malan. And we cannot see how, in justice, honesty and loyalty to the principles of democracy — the present anti-totalitarian law is intended to demonstrate U.S. vindication of those very principles of democracy —the Government of the United States can ignore the demand of the National Association for the Advancement of coloured Peoples. Dr. Malan and his colleagues have been publicly gloating over their policy of totalitarianism and racism which they have embodied into the organic "law" of a country in which they are a small minority. What is more, they have been challenging the world defiantly and threateningly to do its worst about this policy which is, admittedly and undeniably, an outrage on democracy and human decency, apart from being a cynical mockery of the United Nations Charter. The call to ban the Malanist Party is a test of America's professions of democracy. We shall be interested to see how the Government of the United States responds to it.

The Battle Of The Bathroom Partition

In Moscow's overcrowded housing facilities, a mere diminution of one metre (39 inches) in the size of the bathroom in an apartment which fourteen people are forced to share aroused latent but powerful forces of class consciousness and social conflict. The affair of the bathroom partition in Apartment No. 5 at No. 8 Petrovska Street, Moscow, shows in microcosm that you cannot successfully jam a group of people unrelated by blood or any common social interest into small compartments (the space allotted per person for housing in Moscow is on the average 6 by 6 feet), and have a peaceful contented population. Multiply by many times what has been going on in just this one apartment, and the picture defeats those Soviet stories of the perfection of their classless society.

According to the newspaper Vechernaya Moskva, May 12, 1950, the affair at No. 8 Petrovska Street all started in 1947 when an opportunity was created to place one or two more people in the apartment. Among those already in the apartment were comrades E. I. Schmidt, L. N. Pryadilova, and A. B. Titova (all women).

"Schmidt intended to take advantage of this vacancy to find dwelling space for her domestic worker. Pryadilova named her relations as candidates for the space.

OCCUPANTS' PETITION

"However, the other occupants of the apartment, including P. A. Ruleva, a member of the Party since 1929 and the deputy manager of the Moscow Party School, saw things differently. She, together with the families of officers N. D. Okunkov and N. S. Petrov, of technicians A. K. Maskov and others applied to the district executive committee with a petition to place in the apartment, O. P. Lovkova, locksmith and furnace-tender of the apartment building, a widow of a service man who had perished at the front, and who presently lived with her child in cold, dark quarters.

"The petition of Ruleva and the others was granted.

"Since then comrade Ruleva cannot take a step without being followed by a stream of papers bearing all kinds of addresses, but with the unfailing signatures of Schmidt, Pryadilova, and Titova."

"For instance, it was necessary to move the partition in Comrade Petrova's room one meter at the expense of the bathroom, so as to be able to enter the room instead of squeezing through. Comrade Ruleva and the other eight tenants agreed to this willingly. The district executive committee gave its permission. And then Schmidt and her group instigated the "affair about the partition."

"At the summons of these persons, representatives of the district and the city sanitary inspection department visited the apartment five times, and the inter-departmental commission of the district executive committee came several times. They permitted Comrade Petrova to move the partition. Then Schmidt, Pryadilova and Titova complained about the decision of the inter-departmental commission to Comrade Budayev, deputy chairman of the Kominternovski district executive committee. The latter visited the apartment and confirmed the decision of the district executive committee. They made a complaint about Budayev to Comrade Barannikov, chief engineer of the administration, who also visited the apartment, checked into the matter and confirmed the decisions of his deputy. They wrote a complaint about Barannikov to the Moscow city executive committee; the latter confirmed the decision of Comrade Barannikov.

"Of course, the partition was moved. It is only to be regretted that the efforts of the many people and organisations drawn into this operation were not used to move a many-story building.

STEALING CHARGE

"Comrade Mamichev, the manager of the house, all the time supported Comrade Ruleva and the majority of the tenants. In a new complaint Schmidt, Pryadilova and Titova accused him of squandering and stealing building materials. The district housing administration had to appoint a special commission. The accusations were not substantiated. The authors then sent their accusations to the Ministry of the Interior. A new commission took up the case. It established the complete absurdity of all the accusations.

"It would seem that the poisonous stream would dry right there, but no. A new composition by the same 'authors' was recently received by the Sverdlovski district committee of the Communist Party. In it Comrade Ruleva was charged with everything that could compromise a Communist —anti-social conduct, the hounding of innocent people, the concealment of crimes....The district committee turned over the investigation of Ruleva to the Party organisation of teachers of the Moscow Party School. And a special commission began to work again, and it was again established that there was not a word of truth in the statement of the group of slanderers and squabblers.

"Who are they, these tireless spreaders of lies? E. Schmidt is a lawyer by profession, L. Pryadilova and A. Titova are high school teachers. All three swagger their education. They declared so that everyone could hear that furnace-tender Lovkova, and the former textile workers, Okunkova and Petrova, are not worthy of the honour of living in the same apartment with them, who are from the intelligentsia. These members of the intelligentsia think that Comrade Ruleva, with a degree in history, is not their equal, inasmuch as she was not born into the intelligentsia, but rose from a simple peasant family. And this conviction they express openly...."

RED CHINA STAMPEDED BY SOVIET SCARE-STORIES?

Nehru Thinks Aloud On Tibet Invasion

SRINAGAR, October 30, (PTI).

IN an interview with Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent, Pandit Nehru suggested that the current Chinese policy was partly attributable to the fact that Moscow has repeatedly put out stories of Anglo-American intrigues in Tibet. Pandit Nehru said that India has repeatedly tried to allay these fears, but he did not know with what success.

In an exclusive interview, Pandit Nehru dealt with Kashmir also.

Commenting on the Kashmir National Conference resolution to hold elections for a Constituent Assembly, he recalled that the Kashmir Government had always intended to create an elected Constituent Assembly. Before the outbreak of fighting in Kashmir, Sheikh Abdullah and the National Conference had envisaged that such an Assembly would decide, among other questions of Kashmir's Constitution and political future, what the real attitude of people, was on the issue of accession to India.

This project, said Pandit Nehru, was of necessity abandoned during the confusion accompanying the fighting. But now it was rational for the people of Kashmir to want to restore some normality in their State, to enable them to get on with rebuilding a stable State. The United Nations' failure so far to hold out any prospect of solution to the Kashmir dispute had only increased their sense of impatience.

NO CONFLICT

From what he had seen of the National Conference resolution to hold Constituent Assembly elections, Pandit Nehru said, he could not see that it conflicted with the United Nations efforts to settle the dispute. On the contrary, anything which increased internal stability and confidence in Kashmir should help towards peaceful settlement.

Pandit Nehru admitted that in practice, the proposed elections would only be possible in those parts of Kashmir under the administration of Sheikh Abdullah's Government, but agreed that the government claim to be legal and continuing government of the whole Kashmir made it understandable that the resolution should treat elections as valid for whole state of Jammu and Kashmir.

TIBET CONFUSION

Turning to Tibet Pandit Nehru said that it still was not clear what the Chinese Government's real intentions were. There were certain disputed areas in Eastern Tibet where China had been given the right to station garrisons under terms of former agreements.

Attempting to analyse possible motives underlying the Chinese move at the very moment when the Tibetan delegation was on the way to Peking from Delhi to negotiate with the Chinese Government, Pandit Nehru stressed that the apprehension in Peking that the United States was bent on destruction of the new regime in China was rightly or wrongly very real. This fear, based on continued American support to Chiang Kai-Shek was aggravated by General MacArthur's Formosa statement and became acute when the United Nations forces under General MacArthur crossed the 38th Parallel. Pandit Nehru considered that this fear was unjustified. The fact that Peking had not moved into North Korea did not, Pandit Nehru thought, mean that China's fears that the fighting in Korea was in danger of spreading to wider areas had disappeared.

MOSCOW INFLUENCE

The current Chinese policy, Pandit Nehru suggested, was perhaps partly attributable to the fact that although Peking's policy might not be dictated by Moscow, much of information upon which this policy was based, came through Soviet sources. For example Moscow had repeatedly said that Anglo-American "intrigues" in Tibet aimed at bringing that country into an Anti-Communist bloc or sphere of influence. However unfounded these accusations might be, Pandit Nehru wondered whether they might not have influenced the Chinese decision to move into Tibet.

Asked whether the Indian Government, through their Ambassador in Peking and through the Chinese Ambassador in Delhi, was attempting allaying these Chinese fears of which he had spoken, Pandit Nehru replied "Yes, we have tried to do so, but I don't know with what success".

He regretted greatly the action that the Chinese Government had taken in Tibet.

News from inside Tibet, the Prime Minister emphasised, was still very uncertain owing to great distances and lack of communications. The local administration in this vast country, he pointed out, was largely autonomous for purely geographic reasons. Lhasa was situated far in the east of Tibet, and he doubted whether, even if China occupied the Tibetan capital, this would necessarily profoundly affect the situation in the western areas of the country.

On the basis of the present information available to him, Pandit Nehru did not think events in Tibet would have immediate repercussions in Ladakh—Kashmir's most easterly province which has a predominantly Buddhist population with close racial and religious affinities with Tibet and an undefined eastern frontier with that country.

The heal Lama of Ladakh, Kaushek Bakula who is in Srinagar as a member of the Kashmir National Conference, agreed thtt the Communist rule in Tibet would not necessarily affect the political scene in Ladakh provided always that urgently needed reforms to improve the lot of the people were carried out by the Kashmir Central Government.

Stop Press

YUGOSLAVIA AGAINST

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 30. (PTI-Reuter): Yugoslav Foreign Minister Edward Karjelji told the United Nations Political Committee today he would vote against the Soviet proposal for a "Big Five" peace pact, reduction of armed forces by one-third, and prohibition of the atomic bomb.

RUSSIA AND LIE

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 30. (PTI-Reuter): Russia told a closed session of the Security Council today that if Mr. Trygve Lie continued as Secretary-General for a further term, Russia would not recognise him.

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WHEATFLOUR TO BAKERS

Owing to the delay in the arrival of Overseas Wheatflour, arrangements have been made to supply locally manufactured wholemeal wheatflour to the bakers from Monday, 30th October, 1950, i.e., during 44th Rationing Week. The bread prepared from this flour would be similar in appearance to the bread which was being manufactured when such flour was issued in the past.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ELECTIONS

State Officers Discuss Rolls

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30. (PTI): A three-day conference of Chief Electoral Officers of all states met here today under the chairmanship of Chief Election Commissioner Mr. S. Sen I.C.S. to work out the details of the arrangements to be made for the forthcoming general elections expected to be held in April/May 1951.

Forty-one delegates are participating in the discussions which are expected to conclude by November 1.

The conference discussed today the time-table for elections and reviewed the progress so far made state by state in the preparation of the electoral rolls. The difficulties experienced by the states were also considered.

The discussion is stated to have centred round the preparation of the electoral rolls, printing of the original rolls and supplementary rolls, their publication and the choice of centres for publication and the appointment of electoral registration officers. Other arrangements concerning the conduct of elections were also discussed.

WHETHER SIMULTANEOUS

The conference will discuss tomorrow arrangements relating to the setting up of polling stations, the prospects of securing suitable premises by requisition or otherwise, the maximum distance between one polling booth to the other and facilities for women voters.

The question of ensuring impartiality of the Polling Officers and penalties for offending polling staff will also be discussed.

Whether polling should be simultaneous throughout the country or whether it should be simultaneous throughout a state only will be another important question that will come up before the conference.

The methods of counting of votes and means to declare the results will also be considered.

Steps to check double votes given by the voters to the same candidates in plural member constituencies are also likely to be evolved by the conference.

Besides the conference will consider the question of the method of voting by armed force personnel.

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru will meet and address the conference tomorrow afternoon.

State Is After A Colour

STEPS AGAINST GHEE ADULTERATION

POONA, Oct. 30. (PTI): The Minister for Public Health, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, told the State Assembly today that experiments were now being carried on in Government laboratories to select a proper colouring material for hydrogenated oils with a view to preventing its possible use as an adulterant for pure ghee.

Dr, Gilder said that experiments had proved that turmeric was not suitable for the purpose as it could not stand the test of change in physical conditions such as heat or exposure to sunlight. Experiments were now going on with an orange coloured substance which was used in America for colouring cakes and confectionery. Its possible effects on human beings if consumed in large quantities and whether it had any toxic effects were being studied by giving food mixed with this colouring material to guinea pigs.

Mr. Vijaykumar Trivedi asked what steps Government had taken to stop adulteration of ghee with hydrogenated oils.

Dr. Gilder said that the State Government had made representation to the Central Government on the question of colouring vegetable oils products Government had also brought forward a legislation for awarding deterrent punishment to those resorting to adulteration of food articles. As soon as legislation was enacted, Government proposed to ask local bodies and police officers to take drastic action against those adulterating ghee.

BIGAMOUS MARRIAGES

About 1,900 offences for the breach of Hindu Bigamous Marriages Act had been detected by Government so far, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder said in the Bombay Assembly replying on behalf of the Home Minister.

Nearly 1,700 prosecutions had been launched by Government for the offences and a little over 650 persons were convicted for having more than one wife. Some cases were pending decision in courts of law.

Replying to another question, Dr. Gilder said that during the last three years there were 549 occasions on which prisoners escaped from police custody, lockups, sub-jails and other prisons of Bombay's state.

Demand For Separate Andhra To Be Revived

VIJAYAWADA, October 30, (UPI).

A RESOLUTION to renew the efforts for the creation of a separate Andhra Province was adopted at a meeting of Andhra Congressmen belonging to the Ministerialist group held here yesterday.

The meeting accordingly appointed a Five-Man Committee to find out as to whose action was primarily responsible for the non-formation of Andhra State and to see that the Andhra leaders took up the question once again with the Congress High Command.

The Committee will consist of Messrs. Kallur Subbarao, M.L.A., Marupilla Chitti, Alruiv Satyanaravana Raju, M.L.A., Mr. Venkataraju, M.L.A. and K. Dayananda.

By another resolution, the meeting appointed a committee to represent to the Congress High Command to take necessary action against Mr. T. Prakasam in order to see that he stopped his slanderous" campaign against the Madras Ministers on the basis of the charges against them and also against top-ranking Congress leaders like Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, former Congress President and the Congress General Secretary, Mr. Kala Venkata Rao.

Pakistan Wants Chaos In Kashmir

PANDIT NEHRU'S WARNING

SRINAGAR Oct. 30 (PTI).

PRIME MINISTER Pandit Nehru declared here yesterday that Pakistan's real intent towards Kashmir was to "spread disunity, chaos and disruption among the people."

Addressing the students of the Government Girls College, the Prime Minister said: "In my opinion, whatever Pakistan leaders might say their real aim is to spread chaos in Kashmir. Pakistan's approach is fundamentally wrong and I am sure if they don't leave this path they shall suffer. But it is for them to change the path: I cannot do it for them. I am, however, convinced that in the long run, their policies will bring ruin upon them"

PATH OF UNITY

"India's aim in this respect", said Pandit Nehru, "is altogether different. Our aim is one of unity and brotherhood. Kashmir's slogan is Hindu-Muslim-Sikh Itehad (unity). Moreover, we stand for a principle both in Kashmir and the whole of India. People in both places are united by sentiments of love and deep feelings. India has always followed this path shown by Gandhiji and shall not budge from it."

Advising the students to keep always before them the interests of not only themselves but their 'neighbours" also, Pandit Nehru said that real progress of the country could be achieved through jonnt effort of all people. People's happiness would depend ultimately on general progress made in the country. It was for the students who had the opportunity to get education to take this to heart that on their persistent efforts depended the future of the country. "Ultimately, they would have to share responsibility. If they did not rise to the occasion to that extent, the country would suffer."

INDIA'S CROWN

Pandit Nehru said Kashmir was "the crown of India's body." For thousands of years, Kashmir had been known for its beauty and men of learning. Unfortunately, today it was poverty-stricken and had recently suffered very much. But such suffering and trials tested the people's courage and initiative. Actually, people after facing these trials came out strengthened in body and mind. People, therefore, should not let themselves be overawed by any crisis or calamity.

Referring to India's heritage, Pandit Nehru said India was one of the few countries—perhaps only one—which had unbroken cultural and other traditions. The trouble was about the continuity of fundamental ideas governing the people's lives. Although numerous nationals lived in India with diverse ways of life, there was yet marked unity in this diversity.

Concluding, Pandit Nehru advised the students to develop a broader outlook on life.

After visiting the flood-affected areas of Pampori, Pandit Nehru drove to Shalimar Garden to lunch with Sheikh Abdullah yesterday.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Trading Active

LONDON, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter): A premium of three points was established by Imperial Tobacco four per cent loan stock when this issue was introduced to London Stock Exchange today. Trading was active and opening level of three and half points premium exceeded most optimistic forecasts. Issue price was 99.

Markets generally were quiet and with slightly easier trend. Operators were awaiting end of trading period, last day tomorrow, and King's speech at reopening of Parliament. British Government stocks were fractionally lower and there were declines of few pence in leading industrials. Textiles and electrical equipments however were harder where changed.

Speculative support for Japanese bonds resulted in gains of one point and Germans moved slightly higher. Rubber shares were dull on press references to continued disturbed conditions in Malaya.

Copper shares showed renewed advances and was better in tone to kaffirs.

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

MADRAS, Oct, 30,' (PTI): The following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange:

Government of India loans three per cent paper 96, Three per cent 1986 95-14, Three per cent 1966-68 99-6 Government of Travancore Three per cent 1952-54 102-1, Government of Madras Three per cent 1956 100-1.

BANKS: Travancore 12-14.

ELECTRICS: South Arcot 104.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan c d 19.

PLANTINGS: Chembras x d 5-1, Cochin Malabar x d 7-1, Ouchterlong 7-3-6, Pullungode 1-11, Thirumbadi 3, T R and T Co. 7-5, Vaikundam 11-2.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 40-8, Bangalore Woollen 242 Buckingham 140 Buckingham pref. 186, Cambodia 12-15, Coimbatore cm 157, Coimbatore Pioneer 125, Coimbatore Spg. 54, Dhanalakshmi 260, Janardhana 86, Lakshmi 78 Mettur 360, Mysore Spun 8-14 Pankaja 89, Radhakrishna cr. 220, Rajalakshmi 88-8, Ranga Vilas 50, Trichinopoly 13-12, Vasantha 122.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 77, F A C T 6-6, India Cement 15-14 Indian Steel Rolling 7-3, Mettur Chem. 5-10 Mysore Chem and Ferts 98, Spencer 12-6.

Sardar Patel, The Man Of Action

(Continued from Page 4)

among the peasants and turned them into bulwarks against oppression. His words went straight to the hearts of the villagers and moved them to laughter and tears. Magnificently timed, brilliantly executed, Bardoli became a symbol of militant politics.

No wonder, the Governor offered terms to Sardar Patel and Patel rejected the terms. Then Mahatma Gandhi intervened and proposed terms which were accepted both by the Governor and Sardar Patel. Bardoli became a sign and symbol of hope and strength and victory to the Indian peasants. The peasants were punished, their leader was lynched but Britain had to bend her head before the mighty ploughmen.

SARDAR'S ARREST

Sardar Patel was arrested for the first time on 8th March, 1930, while engaged in delivering speeches to awaken the villagers in preparation for the historic Dandi March early next month. The news of Sardarji's arrest roused wide-spread public indignation in Gujerat. A mammoth meeting attended by over 75,000 men, women and children of Ahmedabad expressed their grim resolve to follow their leader to the prison cell. Patel was released but was soon rearrested. His daughter, Miss Maniben Patel was also taken into custody.

On his release, when the Indian National Congress offered the presidential chair to Sardar Patel at the Karachi session in 1931, they virtually brought a peasant to lead the politicians. The Sardar of Bardoli became the Sardar of India. The country was at this time passing through a critical stage in her history. Bhagat Singh, Sukhdev and Rajguru, the three revolutionaries of the Punjab, were executed by the Government. The British Government had turned a deaf ear to the appeals of the entire country to save their lives. Even the intervention of Gandhiji had failed. The Karachi Congress, therefore, was held under gloomy shadows. Exposing the character of the British rule in India the gallant heart of Sardar Patel, now Congress President, spoke out: "The heartless and foreign nature of the Government was never more strikingly demonstrated than in their carrying out the executions in the teeth of the all but universal demand for the commutation of the death sentence."

The peasant President's address to the nation was marked by a profound sense of humility. During the Satyagraha Campaign, launched by Mahatma Gandhi, following the Round Table Conference in London, all the Congress leaders were arrested and thrown into prison, Sardar Patel was kept along with Gandhiji in Yeravada prison. Mahatma Gandhi was released after 18 months while Sardar Patel was kept behind the prison bar for 30 months and was released in July 1934, that also because he had fallen seriously ill. Congress was much disorganised. Factions were showing their ugly heads. Immediately after his release, Sardar Patel set about organising the Congress Parliamentary machine. There being no fresh elections in the meantime, he was still the President of the Congress in 1934. Coming out of jail, he again shouldered the leadership of the country and set about his task with a fresh heart.

SUPREME TACTICIAN

When the Indian National Congress assumed charge of the provincial ministries in 1937, Sardar Patel was one of those few who were entrusted with the charge of guiding the parliamentary machinery of the Congress. As the Chairman of the Parliamentary Boards, he set about vigorously building up that organisation. Both in non-co-operation and parliamentarism, he has shown himself to be a supreme tactician.

The passing of the "Quit India" resolution in 1942, once more saw Sardar Patel in prison along with his numerous comrades on the fateful day of August 9. He was invited by Lord Wavell to the Simla Conference and was one of the four members who represented Congress at the Tripartite Simla Parly on the constitutional future of India. Following the Congress acceptance of the British Cabinet Mission proposals, Sardar Patel took charge of the Home Department in the New Interim Government of September 2, 1946. Now he is the Deputy Prime Minister with the portfolios of Home Affairs and States.

Vallabhbhai's achievements are great. He is pre-eminently a man of action and his services to the country have been mainly rendered in that capacity. Today Sardar Patel is looked upon as the architect of liberated India, and we would love to greet him in the early future as the architect of liberated ASIA.—(ASIAN FEATURES).

Wolf Menace Spreading

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 30: A battalion of wolves and hyenas are now reported to be moving towards east of this State. They have now appeared in Banares and Ramnagar. Two wolves were shot dead by the Superintendent of Police, Banares on the Banares-Ramnagar road. Several lambs have been taken away by wolves in Banares itself.

On return from leave, Mr. H. R. Gollan, D.S.O., M.C., has resumed charge as High Commissioner for Australia in India.

PEACE TODAY BECAUSE OF NEHRU

Mr. Brockway's High Praise

LONDON, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter): If there was still peace in a global sense it was due to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru more than to any other statesman in the world, Mr. Fenner Brockway, Labour Member of Parliament, said here last night.

Mr. Brockway who was spaeking at a function organised by the Indian Social Club in honour of the Speaker of the Indian Parliament, Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, and Swami Vidyanandji, added that the war in Korea had always been in danger of a world war But Mr. Attlee exerting restraint on certain factions in the United States and Pandit Nehru exerting a restraining influence on China had done more than anything alse to prevent the Korea conflict from involving the world, Mr Brockway said.

Mr. Mavlankar said Mahatma Gandhi taught members of the Indian Government that they were servants of the people. Governments he said, had ceased to be agencies for ruling. They were agencies for service.

Referring to his visit here for the opening of the new House of Commons, Mr. Mavlankar said that both he and his wife were "almost exhausted to the last breath" by the continuous programme since they arrived a fortnight ago. "I am looking forward to a rest in the plane bound for India on Tuesday," he said.

NEW CATHOLIC DOGMA APPROVED

VATICAN CITY, Oct. 30, (PTI-Reuter): Thirty-five cardinals and nearly 500 bishops of the Roman Catholic church today unanimously voted approval of the decision of Pope Pius XII to proclaim the new dogma of the bodily assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary into heaven.

At the biggest and most important consistory of his eleven-year reign the Pope outlined his reasons for adding a new article to the faith of the world's 420,000,000 catholics.

BATTLE FOR LHASA

(Continued from Page 1)

ance and good offices which India could afford them in this crisis.

The assistance sought, it is understood, did not include military aid but the request was couched in general terms praying the Government of India to render such assistance as was possible. It is further learnt that India would however not sponsor the Tibetan case before the United Nations. A reply to the Government of India's note to Peking sent last week is still awaited.

DALAI LAMA'S FUTURE

KALIMPONG: The possibility of the Dalai Lama settling down in Kalimpong was "slender", authoritative quarters said here today.

These quarters were commenting on reports that the Dalai Lama had purchased a bungalow in this caravan town on the Indo-Sikkim border. They, however, said there might be a possibility of the Dalai Lama "taking refuge" in either of the Himalayan states of Nepal and Bhutan

Officials here estimate that it would take over a month for the Red Army to reach Lhasa. The infiltration into the rear is stated to be heavy accompanied by widespread propaganda leaflets.

The Tibetan troops have fallen back to Pembago, 50 miles east of Shobando, situated at an elevation of 13,650 feet, and are said to be regrouping themselves.

Parties Agree In Israel

JERUSALEM, Oct. 30, (PTI-Reuter): Israel's Labour Party (Mapai) and the orthodox religious bloc, members of David Ben Gurion's coalition cabinet which resigned two weeks ago, reached agreement tonight.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

Previous closing	40.60
Today's opening	40.65
Difference	+5
Today's closing	40.18
Difference	—42

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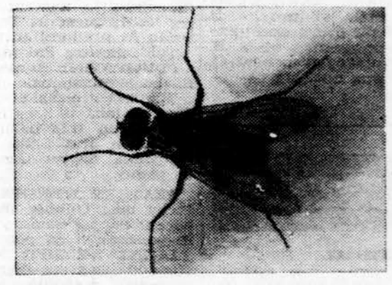

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DO NOT FAIL TO SEE the Stall on TYPHOID at Gilder Tank Maidan in the evening.

Gossage Cup Makes Its Way To Madras

WIMCO BEAT RAIDERS BY 4 GOALS TO 1

BOMBAY, Monday.

THE Gossage Cup awarded to the winners of the losing Rover's Cup semi-finalists has this year found its home with Wimco's of Madras, who defeated Raiders Football Club by four goals to one this evening at the Cooperage in an exciting game.

The Raiders were the first to open the scoring when Jamil took advantage of a goalmouth scramble to score his sides only goal in the fifth minute of play.

The Lahore outfit held on to this lead up to the interval, but they did not have affairs all to themselves A series of missed chances and poor understanding prevailed among the Wimco forwards which saw the Pakistan goal clear.

The second session started rather tamely, but the midway stage of this session brought about a remarkable change. Right outer Kandaswamy beat goalkeeper Fazal from close in when the goalie was drawn out to collect out of his charge.

Five minutes later, Thangaraj scored Wimco's second goal from a somewhat disputed off side position from a move initiated by the left outer Iyydurai. This goal seemed to unnerve the Pakistan side, just like yesterday's penalty did.

Then came the Raiders debacle. Two quick goals followed with ease. Iyyadurai scored, taking advantage of Fazal dropping the ball from his hand. Then, the sides tally was completed by Thangaraj with a deft shot from outside the "box".

The teams were:—

WIMCO MADRAS:— Moorthy; Rajuvehi, Anchinayalu; D. Govindan, Kandaswamy, Thangaraj; Gullam, Ganesam, Iyydurai.

RAIDERS FOOTBALL CLUB, LAHORE: — Fazal-ur-Rehman; Manzoor, Mannan; Niaz, Aziz, Ashan; Rafi, Ahmed, Jamil, Miraj, Fakhri.

Referee: K. G. Swaminathan.

Rovers Cup Final

WHO WILL WIN THE COVETED TROPHY?

BOMBAY, MONDAY.

THE QUESTION EVERYBODY IS NOW ASKING IS, WHO WILL WIN THE ROVERS CUP:—KEEN SOCCER CRITICS ARE NOT COMMITTING THEMSELVES, BUT THE CHANCES ARE FIFTY-FIFTY.

If Hyderabad can reproduce the form they displayed against the Raiders in the replayed semi-final, they are definitely going to win the trophy.

Hyderabad possesses a strong combination that comprises a National players— Eryya, Aziz, Fruvall, Jamal, Noor, Sussay (Jr.), Laiq and Mahmood Ali.—who have played against Calcutta in the Inter State final for the Santosh Trophy. They lost narrowly.

Calcutta's Aryans are outfit hand-picked from various outfits, but they have five players of National Standard Dhanraj, Anthony, Sarbhidikary, Ghosh and Sanjiva.

As a combination they are not expected to farewell, but with every outing they have been showing great improvement.

But whichever team wins the Rovers Cup, a great battle is expected and every hope will be entertained to see whether the Aryans, a Calcutta outfit manage to take the trophy back.

Previous Winners Of The Rovers Cup Since 1940

1940. Mahomedan Sporting.
1941. Welch Regiment.
1942. Bata Sports.
1943. R.A.F.
1944. B.B.R.C.
1945. Combined Military Police
1946. B.B.R.C.
1947. Not completed owing to stand collapse.
1948. Bangalore Muslims.
1949. East Bengal.

Jorge Sugden Lowers Straits Swim Record

MADRID, Oct. 30. (PTI-Reuter): Argentine swimmer Jorge S. Sugden today set up a record by swimming the Straits of Gibraltar in 6 hours 58 minutes.

The previous record for the 12 mile swim, was held by his fellow countryman, Antonio Abertondo, who crossed in 7 hours 42 minutes last September 27.

Sugden plants to swim the English Channel next year.

C.C.I. SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Cricket Club of India Twelfth Annual Swimming Championships commenced this evening with the heats of the Juniors events which surprisingly showed a remarkable improvement over previous years.

Three new meet records were recorded Two in the boys events and one in the girls event.

HEATS

The following have qualified for the finals:—

25 YDS. FREESTYLE (boys under 10):—1. J. Stuart (17.9 seconds new meet record) 2. M. Cooney, 3. N. Kapoor, 4. M. Palicha.

100 YDS. FREE STYLE (boys under 16):—1 R. Mansoor (62.9 seconds new meet record), 2. D.G. Damania, 3. A. C. Lawalkar, 4. A.G. Lathi.

25 YDS. BREAST STROKE (girls under 10):—1. J. Hefti (21.4 seconds). 2. J. Cayley, 3. S. Brett, 4. E. Stuart.

50 YDS. FREE STYLE (girls under 16):—1 Dolly Nazir (33.6 seconds) new meet record), 2. W. Moose, 3. K. Merchant, 4. J. Wilkie.

25 YDS. BREAST STROKE (boys under 10):—1. N. Thakkar (23.2 secs.) 2. D. Cooney, 3, M. Palicha, 4. M. Cooney.

50 YDS. FREE STYLE (boys under 14):—1. A. Kartara (35.3 secs), 2 R. Palicha, 3. J. Stuart, 4. D. Kapoor.

50 YDS. FREE STYLE (girls under 12):—1. J. Wilkie, 2. P. Parnell, 3. J. Moss, 4 C. Kerr. Time 40.3 secs.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE TABLE TENNIS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Davar's College Table Tennis Tournament which is now being played at the St. Xavier's College provided little of note. It was a day of walk overs and except for the appearance of S. B. Jog the seeded player who beat C. G. Desai there was nothing to enthuse over.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5 p.m. Aryans, (Calcutta) vs Hyderabad Police (Rovers Cup-final).

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel

5-0 p.m. Bhim Star (Deolali) vs Vijay Kumar (Georgian Cup Final, Replay).

SWIMMING

C.C.I.

6 p.m. heats of Junior events.

I.C.L. HELD TO A DRAW

Satiranjan Shield Football

BOMBAY, Monday.

The promising junior side Indian Naval Dockyard surprised the idols of Bombay soccer India Culture League when they held the latter to a goalless draw in the quarter-final of the Satiranjan Shield Football tournament at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground. Parel, this evening.

Dockyard gave a superb display never before witnessed but they were unlucky not to score in the first half as their shots missed the objective by inches or the crossbar intervened. Their centre-forward K. LeFebour was at his brilliant best; possessing perfect ball control he weaved his way past the tried I.C.L. defenders but was rather unlucky with his many shots at goal.

Puthran shone under the crossbar and he is mainly responsible saving Dockyard from defeat. He was tested with a barrage of shots from all sides and angles in the second half. L. Cardozo, S. Choudhury and R. Tavares were outstanding in the defence.

Deep defender Woodcock was the outstanding player for I.C.L. He broke many rivals good moves and also helped the attacking line with his powerful clearances.

The game was lively and exciting from the beginning till the end. In the first half Dockyard held the whiphand and ten minutes after the start K. LeFebour made a solo move and after cleverly eluding Woodcock he shot from the top of the box but the attempt was well saved by custodian Bhoja. Again the same player came to the picture, he connected a pass from Choudhury and sent a powerful drive which just sailed over the cross bar.

Soon after John failed to score for Dockyard He shot wide when he had only rival goalie at his mercy.

Before crossing over K. LeFebour had the mortification of seeing both his shots into the I.C.L. goal intervened by the crossbar. In this half the Dockyard custodian hardly was tested by I.C.L.

After the interval I.C.L. had a lion's share of the exchanges and they gave many anxious moments to the rival defence and though custodian Puthran was tested with a barrage of shots but he was equal to all the calls.

Larwood's Impression Of M.C.C. Side

ADELAIDE, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter) Larwood former England test bowler, said today he thought the present touring team would "need luck or something against the stronger states and against Australia in the tests.

He told an "Adelaide news" representative "There should be no worries about England's batting strength but I am convinced they will always be chasing large scores. It looks as if Brown will have to build his attack around Alev Bedser, Dug Wright and himself. Bailey could be used in short bursts". Larwood now lives in Australia.

PUNJAB POLICE HELD TO A DRAW

Exhibition Hockey At Meerut

MEERUT, Oct. 30. (PTI): The Exhibition hockey match here today between Meerut Selected and the East Punjab Police ended in a one-each draw.

The local team was led by the hockey wizard Dhyan Chand and the visiting team by Balbirsingh of olympic fame. Both sides provided exciting game with speed and excellent team and stick work. The equaliser was scored within a few minutes of the first goal scored by Meerut selected.

Teams: MEERUT SELECTED: Yasim Khan, Hem, Tilakram Hamid, Pransingh, Nazar Prem Prakash, Om Prakash, Dyan Chand Shivratan, Anand.

EAST PUNJAB POLICE: Parkash, Trilochan, Dharam Inderjit, Parkash (junior) Dadoo, Swaroop, Iqbal, Balbir, Udham, Kirpal.

Referee: Capt Bhandari and Mr. Basantlal.

SOUTHERN COMMAND BOXING

BANGALORE, Oct. 30. (PTI): The Sub Area, Bangalore won the Southern Command Individual Boxing Tournament tonight defeating Jubbulpore Sub Area by 15 points to 10.

The team to represent the Southern Command at the Inter-Services Boxing Tournament at Delhi will be selected from among the winners today.

The following are the results:—

FLYWEIGHT: Sapper Raman beat Havildar Narsimhan on points.

The latter being disqualified in the third round.

BANTAM WEIGHT: Sapper Padmanathan beat L/Nk Henry Peter; on points. Sapper Gopal beat Taylor on points.

FEATHER WEIGHT: L/Nk Anthony beat Gunner Balkar Singh on points; Sapper Samraj beat Signalman Rajendrasingh on points.

LIGHT WEIGHT: Hav Subramaniam knocked out Signalman Baldrey on points in the second round

WELTER WEIGHT: Nk Appa Rao beat Hav Lal Bahadur on points.

MIDDLEWEIGHT: Signalman Hari Singh (Jubbulpore) knocked out Nk Kali Babu in the first round.

LIGHT HEAVY WEIGHT: Naik Mohabat Singh (Jubbulpore) had a walkover.

Ten Wickets In An Innings

ADELAIDE, Oct. 30. (PTI-Reuter): H. Zimmerman, playing for Cadell in an Australian country match, took all ten Waikerie Colts second innings wickets after sharing the first innings wickets with his brother C. Zimmerman. He also scored 129.

The brothers dismissed the Colts between them for 35 in the first innings, and H. Zimmerman shot them out for 34 in their second knock.

M.C.C. Declare At 351 For 9

S. AUSTRALIA SCORE 20 FOR NO LOSS

ADELAIDE, OCT. 30, (PTI-REUTER): THE M. C. C. DECLARED THEIR FIRST INNINGS CLOSED TODAY WHEN THEY HAD SCORED 351 FOR 9 IN THEIR MATCH AGAINST SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WHO AT CLOSE OF PLAY HAD SCORED 20 RUNS FOR NO LOSS.

Three men alone rescued the M.C.C batting today from mediocrity against the accurate South Australian attack on the third day of the match here.

They were Len Hutton (126), who played a great part of his 92 century on Saturday.

Reg Simpson (119), his partner in a second wicket stand of 170, and Godfrey Evans (38), who brought life and character into the tail.

Freddie Brown declared immediately the M.C.C. had gained a one run lead, at 351 for nine, in the hope of making inroads into the state batting before the close, but the opening batsmen scored a cautious 20 without loss in 40 minutes.

Though the ball went through slowly for the M.C.C. batsmen to score fast, Dewes, Close, Bailey and Brown could not blame their failures on to the pitch, R. Simpson proved that runs could be made by anyone willing to exercise sufficient patience and concentration.

An exciting eighth wicket stand between Evans and Warr brightened up the cricket after tea. Picking out the right ball to hit and running sharp singles, Evans made 30 out of 37 added in half an hour after tea. He fell to a catch at cover when 38.

Warr was bowled at the same total of 340.

SCORE BOARD

M.C.C. (FIRST INNINGS):

Washbrook l-b-w Hiern 9, Hutton c Langley b Hiern 126, Simpson c and b Noblet 119, Dewes b Noblet 10, Close c Noblet b McLean 4, Bailey b Hole 6, Brown c Dansie b Wilson 16, Evans c Duldig b Noblet 38, Warr b Hiern 4, Wright not out 5, Berry not out 5, Extras 9, Total (for nine declared) 351.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Noblet 31 5 79 3, Hiern 20 2 64 3, Bowley 3 0 18 0, Wilson 20 4 56 1, Hole 17 4 50 1, McLean 17 1 75 1.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA (SECOND INNINGS):

McLean not out 2, Dansie not out 18, Total (for no loss) 20.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Barr 4 3 3 0, Bailey 2 0 12 0, Brown 2 1 5 0, Wright 1 1 0 0.

FIRST DAY OF BOMBAY RACES

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Racing season is due to commence on Saturday November 4 with the first day of the Bombay Winter Races. The following are the entries:—

THE LONDA PLATE—Dis. 7 Furs.

Nuremburg, My Pet, Pramila, Leetide, Implacable, Diniar, Pippy, Rana Pratap, Jawahir, Flotilla, Padmini.

THE PALITANA PLATE—Dis. 7 Furs.

Full House, Dev Doot, Shubh Laxmi, Manisha, Truman, Gay Pilot, Pelion, Spring, Chicken, Ghabala, Chand Chakor, Happy Go Lucky, Bhopal Star, Viveca, Game Bid.

THE SION PLATE—Dis. 6 Furs.

Rashtrapati, Yearling, Georgette, Trunk Call, Star Saphire, Fowzia, Flying Princess, Tamanna, Saita, Makarpura, Royal Guard, Marie Louise, Havana, Kabir, Tamasha, Arrak, Wahdina, Down South, Little Star, Bold Bandit, Morton Daisy, Riviera, Just Wait, Find Out, Pick Money, Pessimist.

The above race will be divided into 2 divisions. One division to be ridden with allowances by Apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 20 or more winners.

THE LYALLPUR PLATE—Dis. 6 Furs.

Furat, Moonlight and Shadows, Ati's Pride, Cool and Collected, Honey Bunch, Princess Dominic, Domain, Nagarpalika, Ruqaiyya, Sweet Love, Happiness, True Love, Galloping Lad Kickshaw, Guest of Honour, Indian Port, Mayfair Lady, Amorette, Peggotty, Gold Street, Ijjat, Radio Star, Kensington, Mirella, Mimma, Bansiwale, Nizamuddin, Chandroos, Montfort, Santinella, Masked Pleasure, Pardesi, Star of America.

The above race will be divided into 2 divisions. One division to be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE BELGAUM PLATE—Dis. 6 Furs.

Happy King, Imroz, Brindia, Silver Pylon, Delhi Durbar, Whirlaway, Virvikram, Windsor Toy, Sajjan, The Coward, Othello, All-in-All, Gipsy's Glory, Red Cross Boy, Kiyababa, Paper Crown, Gallant Man, Incitatus, Ballynahinch, Pop, Bessemer, Brisance.

The above race will be divided into 2 divisions. Both divisions to be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

SERVICES CHALLENGE CUP

This handsome trophy worth Rs. 4,500 was presented to Salamat, the winner of the Defence Services Trophy at yesterday's race meeting at Delhi

UTTAR PRADESH DRAW WITH TOURISTS

Gul Mahomed's Fighting Knock Of 71 Runs

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30 (PTI).

The Uttar Pradesh Governor's XI after a desperate last ditch stand today to avoid the follow on, held the touring Commonwealth Cricket Team to a tame draw here, thanks mainly to a glorious unbeaten 71 by the Baroda left hander, Gul Mahomed.

The home side, resuming at the overnight total of 164 for seven while still in need of 20 runs to avoid the follow on, lost Rangachari the overnight not out and Indu Mohan at 166, Shackleton claiming them with successive deliveries.

Thereafter Taluqdar, the last man in, gave Gul Mahomed a courageous stand for over half an hour before being out at 187—just three runs more than the requisite amount to avoid being asked to follow on.

The Commonwealth, with a lead of 146 runs, needed 60 runs in an hour's play before lunch to set the home side the task of scoring at more than run-a-minute rate in the remaining three hours play for a win, but they failed miserably against the vicious pace attack of Shute Banerjee and Rangachari losing four wickets for a mere 16 in fifty minutes play. Banerjee claimed three for two in five deliveries.

These reverses put an end to the Tourists' side of attempting to force a win and thereafter only the possibility of Ken Grieves and Spooner, their fifth wicket partners making individual half centuries sustained interest. Grieves and Spooner ultimately gained this honour besides registering their side's fifth century partnership of the tour—of 108 runs. Grieves, who with Jack Ikin's partner had put on 117 runs in their first innings, thus provided further proof of his remarkable consistency with the bat.

The home side was left with only 80 minutes batting during which time they had to make 271 runs for a win but they did the obvious and layed out time, losing three wickets in the process.

The home side's innings terminated immediately when Taluqdar stopped a low, straight one from Ridgeway with his pads without any addition to the total of 185—just a run in excess of the requisite number for avoiding a follow on.

Gul Mohamed carried his courageous side-saving bat for a chanceless 71 including nine fours in his stay of 2-3/4 hours.

After the innings was over the umpires announced that Gul Mohamed should be credited with six runs instead of four when Ridgeway intentionally kicked his stroke off Shackleton over the fence. The batsmen had then run two and the other four runs credited to the stroke was by way of penalising the fielder, the umpires added. Hence two more runs were added to the total of the home side's first innings which will now be 187.

With a first innings lead of 146 runs the Commonwealth commenced their second knock an hour before lunch.

The Surrey and England left hander, Fishlock and Gimblett opened their innings to the right arm pace attack of Bihar's Banerjee from the college end and Madras' Rangachari from the zoo end.

Banerjee and Rangachari struck a good length and whiped up plenty of pace and life off the mat to pin down the batsmen who made a cautious start.

Twenty minutes play produced 10 runs. Banerjee delivered the first blow. Gimblett nimbled at a going-away-ball on the leg side and Sen jumped to his left, went flat on his back, to hold a spectacular catch. (10-1-4).

The Gloucester and England bat, Emmett, came in and was out immediately leg before to a terrific off break from Banerjee. The ball was pitched just, outside the off stump and Emmett confidently expected it to go away, and made no attempt to play it. But it swung in sharply to rap his pads. Emmett had not opened his account and the side's total was 12.

Banerjee had claimed both the wickets in five deliveries.

Five minutes later the visitors lost their third wicket—that of their skipper Fishlock. The left-hander played back defensively to Rangachari but the ball kicked up viciously to catch the shoulder of his bat and flew straight into the hands of Sen behind the wicket. Fishlock had scored only 6 in a total of 14.

The Lancashire all-rounder England's Jack Ikin and Australia's Ken Grieves, who were associated in a century partnership in their side's first innings and retrieved them from a difficult position, came together for the fourth wicket and were again faced with a difficult task.

However, this time they failed, Banerjee clean bowling Ikin 15 minutes later while only two had been added to the total. The left hander played back to another terrific offbreak—leg break to him—and was clean bowled.

Wicket keeper-batsman Spooner came in for the fifth wicket with less than 10 minutes to go for lunch. Only three runs were added before the break when Grieves and Spooner were batting with two and one respectively.

Banerjee at this stage had taken three wickets for 10 runs in seven overs of which one was maiden.

Rangachari and Banerjee continued the attack when play was resumed after lunch with the Commonwealth leading the home side by 165 runs with six wickets in hand.

Grieves snicked Rangachari dangerously between the wicket keeper and first slip for a single. Spooner pulled Banerjee to midon for a four and driving Rangachari past the midon for a brace sent up the 50 of the innings after it had lasted 83 minutes.

At 53 Vijaya Hazare took over from Banerjee. Grieves snicked the new bowler for a four. The batsmen were shaping confidently against Rangachari as well as scoring with well placed singles and twos and at 64 Rangachari was rested, the right arm medium paced Om Prakash taking over from him. Grieves got under to Hazare very nearly offering a return catch to him and Spooner edged Om Prakash dangerously through the slips. Spooner drove Hazare high over Banerjee at midon for a four.

Turning Rangachari to square leg for a two, Spooner completed his half-century with six fours as his principal strokes after batting for 79 minutes in the total of 107.

Spooner celebrated it by late cutting the same bowler for a four. At 111 Banerjee took over from Hazare and an overthrow which gave Grieves five runs made the fifth wicket partnership worth 100 in 92 minutes, Grieves also completing his 50 at the same time.

Five minutes later the Commonwealth second innings was declared at the total of 124 for 4 wickets. Grieves and Spooner remained unbeaten with 54, each. The fifth wicket partnership had added 108 runs in 97 minutes.

Set the task of making 271 runs in only one and a half hours for a win or play out time and draw the match the Governor's XI commenced their second innings with Banerjee and Om Prakash.

Banerjee cut the first delivery offered Ridgeway who opened the attack from the zoo end to third man for a brace. In attempting a similar stroke off the next delivery he edged a single catch to Kin at slips (2-1-2).

Gul Mohamed came in for the second wicket. Shackleton opened at the other end. Om Prakash before he had scored edged Ridgeway twice and was lucky to see Emmett falling with a sharp one handed catch. The total then was only two.

At fourteen tea was taken with Om Prakash eight and Gul Mohamed 3 remaining unbeaten.

Ridgeway and Shackleton continued the attack on resumption of play. Om Prakash flashed his bat at two outswingers from Ridgeway without getting into trouble.

However, at the other end he played in similar fashion to a rising one from Shackleton and edged a sharp catch to Spooner behind the stumps. One run only had been added to the pre-tea total (15-2-8).

Vijay Hazare joined Gul Mahomed. A spell of sedate cricket followed the batsmen being content to score in occasional singles.

At 21 the Surrey off spinner Laker took over from Ridgeway and his second ball dismissed Gul Mahomed. The Baroda left hander stepped across to play defensively but the ball kept low to get him out leg before (21-3-9).

Kishenchand filled the vacancy at the crease. There was little tempt at scoring, the total remaining standstill for nearly 15 minutes at 21, Laker's first three overs being maidens.

At the same total the right arm slow leg-break bowler, Ikin took over from Shackleton. Kishenchand relieved the monotony by driving the new bowler to long on for four.

At 26 the Australian leg spin and googly bowler Dooland took over from Laker at the other end and Hazare glanced him to the fine leg boundary.

Stumps were drawn at 30 without further loss and the match ended in a tame drawn. Hazare and Kishenchand remained not out with 8 each.

SCORE BOARD

COMMONWEALTH (First Innings) 333
U.P. GOVERNOR'S XI (First Innings)
Shute Bannerjee run out 1; Om Prakash st. Spooner b Ramadhin 32; P. Sen c Grieves b Dooland 6; C. S. Hazare c Emmett b Ridgeway 12; G. Kishenchand lbw Shackleton 45; A. K. Khanna lbw Ramadhin 6; M. Wahidullah b Dooland 5; Gul Mahomed not out 71; C. R. Rangachari b Shackleton 2; Indu Mohan c Laker b Shackleton 0; N. C. Taluqdar lbw Ridgeway 1. Extras 6; TOTAL 187.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: F. Ridgeway 11.4-1-23-2; D. Shackleton 13-4-42-3, B. Dooland 15-3-37-2; K. T. Ramadhin 24-4-46-2; Laker 10-4-25-0; Grieves 4-0-8-0.

COMMONWEALTH (2nd Innings)
Fishlock c Sen b Rangachari 6; Gimblett c Sen b Banerjee 4; Emmett lbw Banerjee 0; Ikin b Banerjee 4; Grieves not out 54; Spooner not out 54; Extras 2 TOTAL (for 4 wickets) 124.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Banerjee 12-3-36-3; Rangachari 13-1-43-1; Hazare 8-1-17-0; Om Prakash 4-0-26-0.

U.P. GOVERNOR'S XI (2nd Innings)
Banerjee c Ikin b Ridgeway 2; Om Prakash c Spooner b Shackleton 8; Gul Mahomed lbw Laker 9; Hazare not out 8; Kishenchand not out 8; Extras 1. TOTAL (for 3 wickets) 36.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Ridgeway 5-2-12-1; Shackleton 7-2-8-1; Laker 3-3-0-1; Dooland 3-2-5-0; Ikin 3-1-10-0.

Parkhouse Suffers From Influenza

ADELAIDE, October 30, (PTI-Reuter): Gilbert Parkhouse, Glamorgan batsman today complained of a chill and it is thought he may be suffering from influenza which is prevalent here at present.

He attended the Adelaide Oval to be included in the official photogramn of the M.C.C. team but was sent back to his hotel after lunch and arrangements were made for a doctor to see him.

Alec Bedser who has been in bed with influenza was also at the ground but only for a few hours before he returned to bed, in a week's illness he lost seven pounds weight and still feels weak.

Meeting World's No. 2 Squasher

(From Our Special Correspondent)

AS you shake hands with him, almost the first impression that hits you, like a breeze in an October dawn, is his health. Fighting fit is the aptest phrase. You took in the kind smiling eyes, the ruddy regularity of his features, powerful arms, well-shaped legs. In white shorts, white pullover, white shoes and white socks, you had a glimpse of a sporting Apollo, tall, tough-built, handsome, with measureless energy in reserve.

That is Abdul Bari, India's foremost squash champ and the world's number 2 squash player.

When I met Abdul one evening, it took me well over five minutes to get him to talk freely of his string of triumphs. Like most competent spokesmen and truly like a champ, he seemed modest, with his glittering eye more on the promises of tomorrow than on the victories of yesterday.

Success Log

Here is his success log:—Three years India's squash champ. Beat Gordon Watson, Australian national champion, in three straight games, in London at the world championship tournament, 1950. Won Australian open championship, 1950, beating Watson, 3-1, at Melbourne. Won Australian professional championship, 1950, beating Watson in a terrific tussle, 3-0 (game scores: 9-0, 9-3, 9-0), at Sydney. Beat Jim Deer of England, once a world champion, during the 1950 championships. Gave exhibition games at Adelaide and was promptly lionised.

It was Currim of Egypt who beat Abdul in the final of the world championship in three straight games in London. Although it is not brought forward as an excuse, it is worth recording that in the semi-final against Watson, Abdul got his ankle sprained. He doesn't like to say this handicapped him in the battle against the Egyptian; but I could easily tell that the sprained ankle must have had a subconscious effect on Abdul—at least, the memory of the sprain must have caused some ankle-consciousness in him, in which case he couldn't have played his best. In any case, we would be able to find out more on this issue when Abdul goes abroad again early next year, probably to wrest the world championship from the Egyptian.

Age Can't Wither

Abdul has played squash for over ten years now. He is convinced that experience and the capacity to take it are the two main things that make a good squasher. Unlike in tennis or sprinting or swimming, age has no specific bearing on the brilliance of squash playing. Almost every tennis champ browns off after a certain period; but a squasher, if he keeps fit and keeps playing, need never look back. It's a one-way street for him, always going forward. Abdul's father, for

ABDUL BARI

instance—he is over seventy now—still plays a champ's game of squash, up at Lahore. Age cannot wither a good squasher, says Abdul.

As I sat idly chatting with him, I glanced down at a couple playing a game below. What an amazingly fast game it looked! As you know, it's played with a small soft ball and a racket that resembles a badminton racket, only tougher. The court is covered on all four sides and you hit the ball on to one wall above a marked line and your opponent hits it on the rebound. Hit is a tame word—you slog it, slash it, swish it, crush it, squash it! That gives you an idea of the speed of the game.

On Your Toes

Also the tremendous demands made on your agility. You are literally on your toes all the time. The ball may hit the "business wall" and rebound via either of the side walls or even the back wall—but you have to be alert enough to watch it and hit it again before it's off. Put in a nutshell, you need the eyes of a hawk, the wrist of a clubswinger, the toes of a ballet dancer, the agility of a bullfighter, the toughness of a boxer and the breath of a Channel swimmer. AND the health of a Greek god. Can you do it? (I asked myself and shrugged in abashed silence).

But, says Abdul, almost anybody can become a good squash player. A boy of ten or an octogenarian could equally well get plenty of fun and exercise from this game. Abdul says the game is getting more and more popular every day, but that even many more people should take to it. There are only four clubs in Bombay today with squash courts—that's a pity, for it's a cheap game. A good racket will cost you about Rs. 30 and you may need a dozen balls for a year's play. Thus it makes it an ideal game for school and college boys and girls. Whence Abdul's plea—heartily endorsed by me—that every large high school and every college must have one or two squash courts.

Come Wind, Come Typhoon

Besides, this game nothing can wash out. Come wind, come typhoon, you are safe in the squash court, squashing away. Only a major earthquake can stop the game.

You can start playing at nine or ten and by the time you are eighteen or twenty, you are way at the top. During your formative years, you get a tough and speedy game to develop your wrist, vision, lung-power, muscles and agility. I pass this tip on to parents, school and college principals and the planners of a better India.

Abdul Bari is 29, weighs 168 pounds (he brings it down to 155 when tournamenting), is married, has one kid.

As I shook hands in farewell and came away, I muttered: If squash could make an Abdul Bari, here's my vote for more squash!

SCATTERED REALISING AFTER FIRM OPENING

Restricted Business And Narrow Fluctuations

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened steady and after early steadiness, the market turned quiet under scattered selling. There was some realising but the undertone was fairly good There is more inclination to buy Mill Shares on hopes of upward revision of cloth prices.

At the opening Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1752|8 and declined at Rs. 1747|8. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 336|- and steadied at Rs. 335|- Indian Irons opened at Rs. 31-11 and declined at Rs. 31-8. Bengal Steels opened at Rs. 22-1 and declined at Rs. 21-13.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 957|- and declined at Rs. 955|. Kohinoor Shares opened at Rs. 319|- and steadied at Rs. 318|-. Nagpurs were done at Rs. 248|- while Gokaks opened at Rs. 248|- and improved at Rs. 251|- Simplex Mill Shares were done at Rs. 261|- and Svadeshi Shares were quoted at Rs. 285|-.

Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 14|5 and after declining at Rs. 14|1 steadied at Rs. 14|2. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 513|- and after declining at Rs. 507|- rallied at Rs. 512|-.

Later on trading was restricted and Tata Steel Defds steadied at Rs. 1748 after fluctuating between Rs. 1745 and Rs. 1755. Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 334-8.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (7-8)	960 0
Kohinoor Mills (6)	319 8
Swadeshi Mills (14)	290 0
Central India Mills (6)	248 8
Simplex Mills (11)	264 0
New Great Eastern (3-2)	159 0
Indore	106 8
Gokak (11)	252 8
Century Spinning (6)	255 10
India Bleaching (8)	174 0
Swan (20)	335 0
Finlay Mills (15)	260 0
Morarji (4-8)	165 0
Edward (15)	265 0
Meyer (12) XD	82 8
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3 3 6
India United Ord (0-12-6)	12 10 6
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	1 15
Madhusudan (16)	157 8
Podar (9)	131 4
Khatau (5)	177 8
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord (16) XD	335 4
Tata Steel Defd (79-5) XD	1748 12
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-8)	139 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7)	173 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	513 2
Belapur (8-6-0)	276 8
Shivrajpur (18)	46 0
Scindia Steam	14 2
Premier Construction (4)	116 0
Tata Chemical	14 3
Tata Oil (1)	45 8
Indian Iron (6-12-0)	31 7 6
Bengal Steel (9-12-0)	21 12
British India Corp. (6-9)	9 0
India Copper	2 12
Wimco (11)	242 8
Alcock (28-2)	321 4
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	159 8
Tata Power (25)	1620 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1455 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	60 0
Phoenix (6)	115 0
Indian Mfg (40)	3350 0
Kurla (7 8)	107 8
Colaba (6)	171 4
New City (11)	171 4
Minerva (12)	136 4
Bharucha	4 12
Bradbury	450 0
Bharat (2)	26 12
Mysore Defd (4) XD	150 0
Madhavji (0-12-0)	26 0
Model Mills (12-8)	151 4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	590 0
Vishnu Cotton (6)	207 8
Western India (40)	3005 0
Standard (15)	240 0
Sholapur (200)	3060 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	26 0
Hindustan Mills (40) XD	3410 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	53 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240 0
Sassoon Silk (2-10) XD	34 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	22 4
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	190 0
Raja Bahadur (4)	60 0
Burar	260 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	112 8
Ahmedabad New XD	109 8
Surat Electric (5)	138 2
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 2
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 4
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 10
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (5-2)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	138 8
Jalgaon	10 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (40)	1996 4
Imperial Bank P. (10)	491 4
Central Bank P. (10)	82 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	82 0
Bank of India (4)	179 0
Union (0-5)	7 2
Baroda (2-8)	129 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	45 0
United Commercial (1 8)	46 4
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	27 0
Hindustan Commercial	22 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4960 0
Empire (10)	615 0
New India (2)	66 8
Jupiter (0-12)	12 14
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
B.I.C	16 5
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	18 4
All India General	6 0
RAILWAY SHARES	
G. P. (1-14) XD	111 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steam (10)	240 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	167 8
Burma Petrol	1 8
Port Canning (3)	51 12
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	342 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	94 8
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85 0
Dharamsey Chemical (4)	60 8
Mukund Iron	5 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	12 0
Alembic (15)	120 0
Supreme Industries	84 0
Bombay Uganda	65 8
Indian Cement (1937)	25 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	165 0
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujerat Motor	26 0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	37 8
National Rayon	67 0
Bombay Cycle	34 0
Jost Co.	76 0
Digvijay Cement	70 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) XD	195 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1248 12
Tata Power (7-8)	1371 4
Hydro Electric (7) XD	132 8
Bombay Steamer (6)	230 0
Central India (5)	631 4
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	272 8
New Great Mills (5-8)	215 0
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	108 12
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	345 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	133 12
Pre Construction First	102 0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref.	100 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	136 14
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Mever	102 8
Mackenzie (first)	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	99 8
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	80 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar (6)	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	3 1 6
New Victoria Mill	1 2
New Victoria Pref	3 12
Phalton (8)	126 4
Gold Mohor (20)	315 0
New Kaisari Hind	300 0
Sajjan Mills	100 0
Osmanshahi	115 0
Ajam Shahi	110 0
Air Services	4 0
Air India Tata	65 0
Hind Motor	6 0
Walchand Motor	54 8
India Steam	7 8
Tata Locomotive	98 0
Killick Industries	130 0

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

The Bullion market was quietly steady with moderate business passing. At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 180|8 and declined at Rs. 180|2 on moderate selling and steadied at Rs. 180|4. Ready Mint silver was quoted at Rs. 180|- and Bullion ready was quoted at Rs. 179|10. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 108|4 and declined at Rs. 107|14 and improved at Rs. 108|1. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 108|7 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74|8.

Later on there was heavy unloading and silver declined at Rs. 170 and gold was quoted at Rs. 106|15. Closing quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	178	8	0
Forward	179	0	0
Ready Gold	107	6	0
Forward	107	4	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready

B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling I. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying I. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying I.T. 1/6 1/16 10th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90d/s 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks buying 60 and 90d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th 9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 457-1/2.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 456-3/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs 475 Montreal Rs. 444-1/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 442.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C Montreal Rs. 442-3/4.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gld. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 1/4

Singapore Banks Selling T.T. D. D. Rs 157

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4

New York/London Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8 London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65 London-Bankok Cross Rate Tcl 35 London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36 London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1 2 27/32-1 2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 89.40 91.00 London/Java Cross Rate F. 10.63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1.84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 2.93-3/4 2.94 London New York Cross Rate dol 2.78 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98 20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 979-981 London/Prague Cross Rate K not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16 London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14/47-50 London Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23 12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos 11/16 p.c

London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money: Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos 1 per cent 6 Mos 1-1/4 per cent 12 Mos 1 1/2 per cent

Tone: Easy

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

MILLS

Apollo 3-4 3-3-6
Bharat 26-12
B. Dyeing 957-8 58-2 55-10 57-8 56-4 60
C. India 249 49-8 47 48-8
E. Textiles 260 65
Elphinstone Ord 60
Finlay 259 60
Gokak 247 52 50 52-8
I. U. Defd 1-15 1-14-6 1-15
I. U. Ord. 12-9 12-10 12-9-6 12-10-6
Indore 106-4
Kohinoor 319 18 19-8
Laxmi 590
Madhusudan 157-8 55 57-8
Meyer 82-8
Model 156-4 51-4
Mysore 150
New Great 158-8 59
New City 168-12 71-4
New Union 22-4
Podar 131-4
Simplex 261 60 66 64
Svadeshi 286 87 85-4 90
Tata Mills 52 54-8 53
Vishnu 206-4 7-8
C. P. Rly. 111-4 12
B. Steam 238-12 40
Scindia 14-5 14-6 14-1 14-2

BANKS

Baroda 129
Central 82-8 82
Central New 82-4 82
Imperial Old 2000 1996-4
Imperial New 492-8 91-4
India 179
Union 7/2
U. Commercial 46, 46/4

ELECTRICS:—
Ahmedabad 111/14, 12/8
„ New 109, 9/8
Andhra 1455
Suburban 140, 38/2, 39/6, 38/12
Amalgamated 11/10
Hydro 159/8
„ Pref 132/8
Power 1617/8, 20
„ Pref 1371/7
New India 66/4, 66/8
Vulcan 12/4

STEELS:—
B. Steel 22, 22/2, 21/13, 21/14, 21/11, 21/12
I. Iron 31/10, 31/11, 31/7/6, 31/8/6, 31/8/6 31/7, 31/7/6
Tata Defd 1752/8, 55, 45, 48/12
„ Ord. 335/12, 36, 35, 35/4
„ Ist Pref 139, 40, 39/12
„ IInd Pref 139, 40, 39/12

MISCELLANEOUS:—
Alcock 315, 21/4
A.C.C 173/8, 72/8, 73/4, 73, 73/8
Belapur 276, 75, 76/8
B. B. Old 513/12, 7/8, 13/12, 11/14, 13/2
„ New 168/12, 67/8
„ Petrol 1/8
B.I.C. 9/1, 9
Dharamsey 61, 60/8
Kemp 342/8
I. Copper 2/12, 2/12/6, 2/12 (Ex Div)
P. Const. 117, 15/8, 16
„ Ist Pref 102
„ IInd Pref 100
Shivrajpur 45, 46/4, 45/8, 46
Tata Chem. 14/2, 14/6, 14/3
„ Oil 44, 44/8, 43/8, 46, 45/8
Walchandnagar 167/8, 65
Wimco 240, 42/8

SPECIAL
Berar Mfg 260
Laxmi Pref. 272-8

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

The produce market was fairly steady with improved demand for Groundnuts. One export firm was buying bold January delivery. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh Quality	40	0	0
Madras	39	12	0
Bold Ready	39	8	0
November	39	8	0
January	39	0	0
Bold December	38	4	0
Bold January	38	0	0
Oil Bombay Mills	21	0	0
Oil Railway Receipts	20	13	0
Oil November	20	14	0
Oil December	20	8	0
LINSEED			
Bold Ready	41	4	0
Ready Satna	39	6	0
November	41	6	0
December	38	14	0
Oil	21	14	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Bold Ready	34	4	0
Madras	37	0	0
November	37	8	0
December	37	0	0
Oil First Pressure	20	0	0
Oil Baxar quality	19	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

2-1/2% 1954	98	14	0
2-1/2% 1955	99	10	0
2-1/2% 1961	96	12	0
2-3/4% 1960	99	2	0
2-3/4% 1962	98	13	0
3% 1970	95	8	0
3% 1955 Con.	95	13	6
3% 1951/54	101	2	0
3% 1953/55	101	8	0
3% 1957	101	3	0
3% 1959/61	100	8	0
3% 1963/65	99	8	0
3% 1964	99	9	0
3% 1966/68	99	5	0
3% 1970/75	99	1	0
3-1/2% 1954/59	104	0	0
4-1/2% 1955/60	109	6	0
4% 1958/68	112	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2% Bombay 1962	99	3	0
3% Bombay 1960	88	7	0
2-3/4% U.P. 1961	96	14	0
2-3/4 U.P. 1961	96	14	0
3-3/4% Madras 1961	96	14	0
3% Bombay 1961	96	14	0
3% Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3% Bombay 1958	100	12	0
3% Punjab 1952	102	0	0
3% Madras 1952/53	100	8	0
3% U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3% C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3% N.W.F. 1952	100	0	0
3% U.P. 1961/66	99	2	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4% 1977	98	12	0
4% B.P.I.	108	8	0
4% B. Municipality	109	4	0
5% B. Municipality	113	0	0
5% B. Municipality 1954	112	0	0

Ahmedabad Shares

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.

Closing Quotations: Calico 289 (XD), Ambika 326, Arvind 776, Defd 1748, New Shorok 574, Saraspur 284-8, Arun 59-8, Atul 86-8.

Calico opened 287, high 289-8, low 289-4, closed 289, Ambika opened 322, high 326-8, closed 322, Arvind opened 773, high 777, low 772, closed 774, Defd opened 1749, high 1751, low 1745-8, closed 1748. New Shorok opened 574, high 575, low 572, closed 574. There was short fluctuation and transactions were few.

Cheques Cleared

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 27th October 1950 were as under:

Number of Cheques: 173059.
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 41,92,81,982-5 7

DYES AND CHEMICALS

BOMBAY, Oct. 28.

Further dullness was witnessed in Dyes market. Practically there was no worthwhile transaction in any of the well known products. Some transaction were recorded in Scarlet CKRC Base at Rs. 10/- thus it has come down by As. 0/8/0 per lb.

SULPHUR COLOURS: This items were having regular business during last 3 weeks but how practically no demand and the most popular product of CBO German has come down to Rs. 2/6.

VAT COLOURS: Green B 3,200 forward Sellers are eager to part at Rs. 107/- Green B 3,200 German quality is sold at Rs. 118/-.

CHEMICALS: Bleaching Powder has suffered a set back in absence of enquiries from up-countries. Rongalite has declined further to Rs. 2/2/-

SAPHTOLS		
CAS	6	8
CBS	11	8
CBO	13	4
CSW	14	4
CSG	18	8
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	10	0
„ Scarlet CKR Base	11	4
„ Red CKCR Base	12	4
„ Red CB Base	14	8
„ Garnet CKCBC Base	5	8
„ Yellow CGC Base	7	8
„ Corinth CB Base	8	12
„ Orange CKGR Base	10	0
„ Orange CGC Base	11	8
„ Bordea CGP Base	16	0
„ Blue CB Base	16	0
„ Scarlet CG Base	7	8
„ Red CGL Base	10	0
„ Bordea CGP Salt	5	0
„ Blue CB Salt	7	2
„ Blue CBB Salt	21	0
„ Scarlet CKR Salt	5	0
„ Violet CB Salt	16	8
DIRECT COLOURS		
Direct Black Extra	5	0
„ Yellow 5G	11	0
„ Sky Blue Extra	10	0
Diazo Black Extra	5	0
Crysophenine G Extra	13	4
Benzopurpurine 4B	7	4
Tarquoise Blue B	15	0
Delta Purpurine 5B Conc.	8	0
Congo Red H Dark (56)	4	4
SULPHUR COLOURS		
Sulphur Black 692	3	6
„ „ HK Grains	3	2
„ „ CBO	2	6
„ „ Calco	2	14
Alizarine 20 per cent Paste	170	0
„ 100 per cent Powder	8	0
ACID BASIC AND OTHERS		
Methylene Blue Extra	7	0
Metanil Yellow Elephant	2	8
Metanil Yellow Extra	4	6
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	7	8
Magenta Extra O	9	0
Diamond Green	8	8
Bismark Brown Extra	4	8
Melachite Green Crys.	8	4
Auramine Extra O	8	8
Acid Orange Extra	2	12
Acid Scarlet	4	0
Kumkum Scarlet	6	8
Rhodamine B. Extra 500 p. c.	18	0
VAT FAST DYES		
Vat Blue GCDN	40	0
„ „ RSN	39	0
„ Dark Blue BO	40	0
„ Brlt. Green B 900	34	0
„ „ „ B 3200	128	0
„ „ „ B Highly Conc	80	0
„ Green B Paste	19	8
„ Red Violet RH	45	0
„ Yellow GC	42	0
„ Violet 2R and 4R	55	0
„ Black BB	30	0
„ Pink R	65	0
PRINTING COLOURS		
Printosol O	15	0
„ CO 4B	29	8
„ Blue IBC	65	0
„ Green IB	82	0
Golden Yellow IGK	75	0
Rapid Red	19	8
„ Orange	16	0
„ Bordex	21	0
„ Blue	16	8
Rapidozan Blue and Violet	28	0
Indigo 60 per cent Grains	4	12
„ 60 per cent 1 lb. pkg.	5	8
CHEMICALS		
Bisulphite of Soda	105	0
Turkey Red Oil	45	0
Monopol Napthol Soap	45	0
Sitric Acid	360	0
Soda Bycarb Powder	24	0
Soda Ash Light USA	24	0
Ammonia Bycarb Powder	150	0
White Sugar of Lead	150	0
Brown Sugar of Lead	115	0
Trisodium Phosphate	80	0
Bleaching Powder Big	55	0
Bleaching Powder small	57	0
Sodium Sulphide German cwt. pkg.	54	0
Sodium Sulphide Indian small	43	0
Sulphate of Alumina Pure	16	0
Aniline Salt	1	5
Bichromate of Potash	130	0
Bichromate of Soda	80	0
Caustic Soda	36	0
Acetic Acid	1	6
Borax Crys.	45	0
Formal De Hyde	10	
Rongolite C	2	2
Nitrite of Soda	53	0

Dr. Mookherji Busy Again

HEADING NEW PARTY

(From Our Correspondent)

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

Dr. Shyamaprasad Mookherji has been busy organising a political party known as 'Young India'. The object of this organisation is to consolidate the youth of India for counteracting anti-national forces.

Specifically 'Young India' stands for the realisation of the goal of United India and the programme of the party is (1) to retrieve the national glory by every peaceful means the sinister force of corruption and weakness at the cost of national dignity and interest and (3) to abandon the policy of appeasement and to follow a policy of reciprocity towards Pakistan.

As a preliminary step the party proposes to demand an exchange of population and property on the Government level, if favourable conditions are not created for the honourable existence of minorities in Pakistan and to demand the incorporation with India, the contiguous area lying in Pakistan for rehabilitation of minorities forcibly turned out of Pakistan.

About 1,100 young men have already joined the organisation.

ENQUIRY REPORT

Information available regarding the Calcutta University Enquiry Committee's report discloses that there are serious irregularities in regard to the printing press of the Calcutta University. Private books and papers were printed at the press and no payment was made.

Even the paper used was University property. This is the substance of the first part of the report but information about the other part is not yet available.

MAMDOT TO QUIT MUSLIM LEAGUE

LAHORE, Oct. 29. (PTI).

KHAN Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, former Premier of Pakistan Punjab has decided to leave the Muslim League, it is reliably learnt.

The decision is understood to have been taken at a meeting today of Mamdot's supporters after a prolonged discussion lasting ten hours. The formal announcement of Mamdot's resignation is expected to be made tomorrow.

It will be recalled that a number of leading Muslim Leaguers belonging to what is known as Mamdot Group in the Provincial League resigned from the organisation a week ago due to differences with the League High Command.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

Tata Ordinary 335 4, Tata Deferred 1750, Indian Iron 31-7, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21-12, Bombay Dyeing 960, Central India 248-8, Gokak 252-8, Kohinoor 319-8, Simplex 260 Swadeshi 290 Tata Power 1620, Associated Cement 173-8 Belapur 276-8, Bombay Burma (Old) 513 2, Scindia 14-2, Central Bank 82, New India 64, Tata 2nd Pref. 139-12.

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

120 Ready Japan	7	5	0
150 Ready Japan	7	4	0
120 Ready Italy	6	15	0
150 Ready Italy	6	15	0
2-40 Staple Oct.	7	8	6
2-40 Staple Bale Nov			1505

INDO-PAKISTAN TRADE DEADLOCK.

Pakistan Rupee Is The Hitch, Says Sri Prakasa

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30. (PTI).

INDIA'S Commerce Minister, Mr. Sri Prakasa, declared here today that so long as there was no recognised method of transmission of funds between India and Pakistan, trade between the two countries could not be resumed.

Mr. Sri Prakasa who was addressing the fifth meeting of the Import Advisory Council added: "Solution of the trade deadlock must wait the determination of the par value of the Pakistan rupee by the International Monetary Fund."

Referring to the favourable trend in India's export trade, Mr. Sri Prakasa observed that although the general prospects were "considerably improved", there was need for caution against undue optimism because, due to natural calamities and unfavourable weather conditions in many parts of the country, food imports might be somewhat larger.

IMPORT CONTROL

Referring to the Import Control Enquiry report, Mr. Sri Prakasa said that the report was receiving the most careful consideration of the Government and the suggestions would be implemented as far as was possible and practicable. The views of the Council on the various recommendations of the Committee, he added, would also be taken into consideration before arriving at a final decision.

Dealing with foreign exchange position, Mr. Sriprakasa said: "Our exports have been making a steady headway under the stimulus which they gained with the devaluation of the rupee in September 1949. The recent international situation has added to this stimulus; and the general prospects are, therefore, considerably improved. These should enable us to forecast a rising trend in exchange resources.

On the other hand, the difficulties of our two major industries—jute and textile—which cater for the bulk of our export trade, should caution us against undue optimism. Moreover, the unfavourable weather conditions and natural calamities in several parts of the country during the last three or four months, have grievously affected the internal outturn of foodgrains, with the result that the import of foodgrains in the next few months will have to be on a somewhat larger scale.

Taking all these factors into account, both favourable and adverse, it is now estimated that we should be in a position to license commercial imports during January-June 1951 to the same aggregate scale as for July-December 1950."

TRADE DEADLOCK

Revealing that no trade talks have taken place between India and Pakistan since the limited trade agreement expired at the end of September, 1950, the Commerce Minister said: "I share the anxiety felt in the country for the termination of this trade deadlock and the resumption of trade between the two countries. I know what inconvenience the cessation of trade causes to the commercial and the general public in both countries. I do not, however, see any way out so long as there is no recognised method of flow of funds from one country to the other: and this, I am afraid, must await the determination of the par value of the Pakistan rupee by the International Monetary Fund. Meanwhile, we have had to cancel Open General Licence no XVIII which permitted import of certain items from Pakistan without licence".

15 Damoh Congressmen Quit The Party

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 30: According to a report received from Damoh 15 Congress Panchayatdars have resigned from Congress. While tendering their resignations they have observed that it has become very difficult for them to live and work in the organisation under conditions and circumstances created by the 'Official Group'.

It is further learnt that more Congressmen are going to tender their resignations in near future.

It may be recalled here that deep resentment is prevailing among a group of Congress workers against the undemocratic and unconstitutional tactics adopted by official group.

Assam Panchayat Act For Manipur State

IMPHAL, Oct. 30. (PTI): The newly constituted Advisory Council of Manipur, at a meeting approved of the application of the Assam Rural Panchayat Act 1948 to the State of Manipur, excluding the tribal areas.

The Council however did not agree to confer criminal powers on Village Panchayats. It expressed the view that the existing "Salis Panchayats" should continue to exercise their existing functions.

Madhya Bharat Allots 320 Acres To DPs

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, Oct. 30: Three hundred and twenty acres of land in the vicinity of Bhind Canal are reported to have been allotted by the Government of Madhya Bharat to some families of displaced persons, who hail from West Punjab.

The land it is learnt, is being cleared and a colony will be established there.

Underground Reds Arrested

IMPHAL, Oct. 30. (PTI): The Manipur Police arrested six underground Communists last week. They also recovered about 200 unlicensed weapons during the same period.

RAIL STRIKE IN AUSTRALIA

Industry Affected

MELBOURNE, Oct. 30. (PTI-Reuter): Trains were at a standstill today in all Australian States except Western Australia.

Nineteen Unions had decided on a 24-hour token strike in support of railway strikers in Victoria and South Australia.

Thousands of railwaymen have been on strike in Victoria for 15 days and in South Australia for eight days over grievances about overtime and other rates of pay.

The greatest effect of today's stoppage was on the waterfront where wharf labourers were 6,000 short.

The sympathy strikers were expected to decide at mass meetings today, not to extend the strike.

Industry in Victoria and South Australia has been seriously affected. Road transport has been unable to carry enough livestock to meat markets, and housewives have been warned that prices may go up as a result of increased freight costs.

Clearing of last season's wheat from the silds has come to a halt and there is no room for the new crop.

AID FOOD SUPPLY TO END STARVATION

Lohia's Plea To Einstein

PATNA, Oct. 30, (PTI): Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, the Socialist leader, addressing a public meeting here last evening, appealed to Lord Boyd Orr and Prof. Albert Einstein to use their influence to rush food supplies to India to save the people of Bihar, Cochin and Travancore from the jaws of famine.

He also suggested that the Government of India should move the U. N. to open a world food pool to meet the requirements of the deficit areas.

Dr. Lohia said that if the Government did nothing to end starvation deaths, the Socialist party and the Hind Kisan Panchayat would launch non-violent satyagraha to replace the present Government.

The Socialist leader dencunced the food policy of the Government and wanted to know what the Government had done to increase the food production.

He regretted that while people died of hunger, the Ministers indulged in drawing differences between starvation and aminutrition deaths. Dr. Lohia urged transfer of land to tillers.

FOOD POSITION IN MYSORE NOT BAD

Reddy Promises Sweeter Devali This Year

(From Our Correspondent).

BANGALORE, (By Mail).

Mr. K. C. Reddy, Chief Minister to the Government of Mysore, said here on October 26 that the local procurement under this year's harvest scheme was over and that no addition to existing stocks was therefore expected from this source. He, however, stated that the State's food position was generally well in hand provided supplies from the Centre arrived in time.

Mr. K. C. Reddy, who was addressing a Press Conference, said that the Government of India had increased the November quota of foodgrains by 3,000 tons in addition to 10,000 tons allotted already. He said that the present stock was to the tune of 31,400 tons which was less by 9,000 tons.

After giving the figures of the stock position, he said that total deficit to be made up from Central assistance till the next harvest would be about 29,000 tons made up of 12,800 tons of rice, 6,500 tons of millets and 9,700 tons of wheat.

The Chief Minister referring to the ensuing Deepavali feast, promised a sweeter Devali this time. He added that the State Government was taking action regarding the price control of gur.

Indo-Chinese Customs And Tariff Union

PAU (Lowre Pyrenees Oct. 30: Representatives of France and the associated states of Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos approved a resolution to set up an Indo-Chinese Custom and Tariff Union.

Congress Is A Communal Body, Says Sabha Leader

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR Oct. 30: Mr. V. G. Deshpande, the Organising Secretary of the Hindu Mahasabha, addressing a meeting on October 26 said here 'Tit for tat' would

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Russia Picks New Slogans

LONDON, October 30 (PTI-Reuter).

The Moscow Radio announced yesterday the slogans issued by the Central Committee of the Soviet Communist Party to mark the 33rd anniversary of the October Revolution which will be celebrated on November 7.

The slogans included "Fraternal greetings to the peoples of the colonial and dependent countries, fighting for their freedom and national independence.

"Fraternal greetings to the great Chinese people who have won freedom and independence of their country and who are successfully consolidating the people's democratic regime.

"Fraternal greetings to the Korean people heroically defending the independence of their country."

Others of the 57 slogans called on workers and members of professions to intensify their efforts, increase output and help improve the living standards of the population.

TRANSFER OF TARA SINGH'S CASE

High Court Accepts Petition

SIMLA, Oct. 30 (PTI): A division bench of the Punjab High Court consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Eric Weston and Mr. Justice C. D. Khosla today accepted the petition of the Akali leader, Master Tara Singh for the transfer of his two cases on the original side of the High Court.

Arguing the application for the transfer of the cases against Master Tara Singh and issue of writs of prohibition and certiorari, counsel for Master Tara Singh contended that Section 124-A and Section 24 of the East Punjab Public Safety Act 1949 were repugnant to Article 19 of the Indian Constitution read with its preamble. They violated the freedom of speech guaranteed, enshrined and sanctified by the Constitution which had put stringent and narrow limits on the permissible legislative abridgement of that freedom.

FREEDOM OF SPEECH

Freedom of speech which was necessary for the working of democracy had been made almost inviolable by the Constitution, and the only permissible abridgement and the constitutional justification for it was when it endangered the foundation of the state or threatened its overthrow; otherwise any restrictions imposed on this sacred and basic freedom were ultra vires of the Constitution, Mr. Chatterji added.

Mr. Chatterji submitted that any prosecution of any citizen for his criticism of the party in power, for accusation against the Ministers for "some illegal acts of commission or omission" or any speech derogatory to the Government was a violation of this fundamental freedom, which if it remained unchallenged would surely in the end, stultify democracy.

Public Boycott: Electric Company Bows Down

PALGHAR, Oct. 30 (H.S.): The local Electric Supply Company, after the public boycott on the supply of Electricity, has in a statement announced its willingness to charge 12 annas per unit, in spite of the higher rate fixed by the Government. The Company has commenced to remove the metres from the consumers who have launched the boycott movement against the Company. Legal action will be taken against those who opposed the removal of the metres, it is learnt.

Villagers Construct A New Road

SHOLAPUR, Oct. 30 (H.S.): During this week, a 20 mile-long road was newly constructed, 143 mile-long-old road was properly repaired, 183 village police out-posts were repaired, new premises for several schools, public libraries and Dharmashalas were built. Several criminal as well as civil disputes were reached at an amicable compromise before the committee of the villagers and justice was done. The Collector stated that women also took part in the said work.

Indian Workers Need Clear Guidance

SARDAR'S ADDRESS AT AHMEDABAD MEETING

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AHMEDABAD, October 30.

"INDIAN workers are in need of clear guidance to-day. They will bring ruin to themselves and the country if they are not prevented from being carried away by world movements," observed Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, while addressing the Labour Association, Ahmedabad, today.

"I have always fought against those who were talking of Kisan Mazdoor Raj. Those who are talking of such things are not real Kisans. I have the interests of Kisans at heart more than any body else", he said.

Referring to the recent Bombay textile workers' strike, Sardar Patel said the workers had lost sixty days' wages and had 'no guts' to demand wages for the strike period as they had gone on an illegal strike. The legality and propriety of the Bombay strike ought to have been considered before launching it, he said.

A RIGHT

Sardar Patel said: "It is the right of workers to go on strike in unavoidable circumstances, when all the means of amicable settlement have been exhausted. Any breach of this salutary principle is harmful to the industry and it should never be committed.

"By following the principle, the workers of Ahmedabad have gained materially and their representatives have now been going abroad to preach and popularise it. The labour movement which Mahatma Gandhi started in Ahmedabad is not confined to Ahmedabad only. It is spreading far and wide. Mahatma Gandhi foresaw that the Trade Union movement of the West would do us no good. It would cripple our struggling nascent industries and weaken our workers.

"If you forget Bapuji's way and follow the way which the world today is following you will invite nothing but ruin," he declared.

Ministers of Saurashtra and prominent office-bearers of the Congress attended the meeting.

GANDHIAN WAY

Sardar Patel counselled workers of the world to follow the path of peace shown by Mahatma Gandhi to prevent the onslaught of a third world war (adds the Press Trust of India).

"The trade union movement in the west is heading towards violence and leaving a trail of blood which will blaze forth into a third world war unless the labour movement which Mahatma Gandhi carried out in Ahmedabad is faithfully followed all over the world," he said.

The Sardar was addressing about 500 representatives of the textile workers of Ahmedabad in the new building of the Textile Labour Association built at a cost of Rs. 5 lakhs subscribed by textile workers themselves.

SARDAR'S TALKS WITH MINISTERS

Cloth Position Under Close Study

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.

It is reliably learnt that Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister has convened an important conference of ministers who are at present in Ahmedabad. Important problems affecting cloth distribution and food problems of Bombay State will be discussed at the conference, it is further understood.

Earlier today, Mr. Hare Krushna Mahatab arrived from New Delhi and immediately drove to Sardar Patel's residence where he was closeted for some time. Mr. Dinkerrao Desai was also present at the meeting. It is presumed discussions were held on the present cloth position in India and on the effects of control.

Mr. Morarji Desai and Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Ministers from Bombay, Mr. U. N. Dhebar and Mr. Rasiklal Parikh, Saurashtra Ministers are expected to participate in the conference, which is likely to be held 'in camera'.

RATIONING IN VILLAGES

No Decision Yet On Abolition

MADRAS, Oct. 30 (PTI): Mr. Thirumal Rao, Deputy Food Minister, Government of India, said here today that the abolition of informal food rationing in villages was a question of major policy on which he could make no authoritative pronouncement offhand.

He was answering a question put by pressmen here, as to the Government of India's attitude to the demand for ending village rationing voiced by the members of the Madras State Food Advisory Committee at its meeting, last week.

Mr. Rao personally thought the abolition of village rationing would create complications like the shooting up of prices of food grains and blackmarketing. But this was a matter which Government of India would have to consider in all its bearings before arriving at a decision, he said.

The Deputy Minister met the Chief Minister Mr. P.S. Kumaraswami Raja here this morning and discussed with him the food situation in the State.

He will leave for Delhi tomorrow.

FELICITATIONS TO SARDAR

B.P.C.C.'S Message

BOMBAY, Monday: The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee sent a telegram to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, India's Deputy Prime Minister, heartily felicitating him on his 75th birthday and praying God to spare him long and in good health to continue his great services to the country with courage and vision.

At its meeting today, the Committee adopted a resolution authorising the District and Taluka Congress Committees to make collections under the Annual Voluntary scheme for carrying on the activities of the Committee concerned. In the absence of Mr. S.K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C., who is indisposed, Mr. Ganpati Shankar Desai, Vice-President, was in the Chair.

The Committee also appointed a Labour Sub-Committee and a legislation Sub-Committee and also a Committee to carry on the "Are-you-on-the-Roll" campaign with a view to see that the name of every eligible adult in the city is on the rolls of voters of the legislatures.

Birthday Celebrations In Ahmedabad

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 30.

All Gujerat will celebrate the seventy-sixth birthday of Sardar Patel tomorrow evening. Prominent Congress leaders and citizens will arrive in a special train from Baroda tomorrow.

Over five lakhs of people are expected to attend the meeting where the Sardar will be presented with a purse.

Saurashtra alone has contributed about Rupees five lakhs to the Sardar Purse fund.

JOIN LEAGUE: A request to allow members of the minority communities to join the Muslim League is understood to have been made by a deputation of the All-Pakistan Minorities League which waited on the League President, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan on Sunday.

COMMONWEALTH SPEAKERS IN LONDON

In wigs and robes, Speakers of the various Commonwealth Parliaments, presiding officers and members of legislatures are pictured on the Terrace of the Houses of Parliament after attending the ceremonies marking the opening of the new House of Commons Chamber on October 26. In the front row are: (left to right) Sir A. F. Molamure, M.P. (Ceylon), Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, M.P. (India); Mr. M. H. Oram, M.P. (New Zealand), Mr. W. Ross MacDonald, K.C., M.P. (Canada), Colonel Douglas Clifton Brown (Speaker of the British House of Commons), Mr. A. G. Cameron, M.P. (Australia), Mr. J. F. T. Naude, M.P. (Union of South Africa), Mr. Tamizuddin Khan, M.C.A. (Pakistan) and Sir Allan Welsh (Southern Rhodesia). The visiting Speakers were received by Colonel Clifton Brown, watched proceedings in the new Chamber, then went to Westminster Hall for the ceremony in which the King received loyal addresses from Lords and Commons.

Wives of Commonwealth Speakers, presiding officers and members of overseas Legislatures photographed on the Terrace of the Houses of Parliament.

COLONIALISM ON THE DECLINE

Viet Nam Special Envoy's Impressions

BOMBAY, Monday: Dr. Nguven-Duy-Thanh, Special Envoy of the Viet Nam Government and Head of the Viet Nam Information Mission in India, declared here today that colonialism in the East was a force in decline and its remnants, where they still lingered, were bound to disappear very soon.

The new danger which an emergent Asia was facing, he said, was in the shape of Russian expansion marching through local Communist parties. The danger which Viet Nam was fighting was a part of the general danger which all countries of Asia would soon be called upon to fight.

Dr. Thanh, who was speaking at a meeting of the Council of World Affairs in Bombay, appealed to India not to stand aloof in this common struggle as, unless something was done to check it in time by the united stand of all Asians, those who had not already succumbed would also go behind the 'Iron Curtain.'

Mr. M. R. Masani, Chairman of the Council welcoming Dr. Thanh stressed the importance of a knowledge of what was happening in Indo-China and observed that now that the Communist virus had been eliminated from Korea by appropriate United Nations action, it was erupting nearer our own borders in Tibet and Indo-China.

ASSAM RELIEF: Indian Army relief parties of the Assam Rifles, now busy fighting against the floods, have recovered 29 persons at Lhasagaon, six miles north of Sadiya.

DIRECTIVE TO LABOURITES: Mr. Morgan Phillips, Secretary of the British Labour Party, told all Labour supporters to stay away from next month's "World Peace Congress" at Sheffield.

SUGAR PRODUCTION WILL AGAIN FALL

UNECONOMIC PRICES AND ENHANCED COSTS

NEW DELHI, October 30. (PTI).

MR. HARIRAJ SWARUP, President, All-India Sugar Mills Association, in a statement today disclosed that this year also a drastic reduction in the production of sugar in the country was anticipated.

He said that due to uneconomic prices of sugar and cane fixed by the Government i.e. Rs. 28/8/- for sugar and Rs. 1/10 for cane, the factories would be forced to start crushing very late as a result of which there would be a scarcity of sugar in the country and to meet the demand of sugar, a large quantity of sugar would have to be imported from outside.

Mr. Swarup added: "The reasons for this situation were said to be attributable to the high prices of 'gur' and the uneconomic price of sugar fixed this year. The restrictions on the working of kolhus in the factory zones are more or less on paper as no steps are being taken to enforce the orders of the Government regarding the licensing of kolhus. Thus, gur is being freely manufactured. Moreover, the prices or gur cannot be brought down unless there is an early control on movement of gur, which is freely moving into the prohibition areas for illicit distillation.

RISE IN COSTS

While fixing the prices of sugar this year the Government has altogether ignored the rise in the cost of production of sugar due to increase in the price of raw materials like sulphur, lime, gunny bags and other stores and the heavy burden imposed on the industry by payment of retaining allowances to the workers under the recent Government award. Most of the factories in Uttar Pradesh suffered losses even last year and they stand to lose still heavily this year. Many factories may not be able to work and if they work at all, they may start very late.

The President further stated that it was very unfortunate that the advice of the Experts Commitee on sugar known as U.P. and Bihar Joint Control Board, consisting of representatives of Government, industry, labour, growers, consumers and merchants regarding the fixing of cane and sugar prices had been ignored.

"It is really interesting to know" Mr. Swarup said that imported sugar costs about Rs. 32 per maund at port while the price of Indian sugar has been fixed at Rs. 28-8 per maund inclusive of excise duty and cess on cane which comes to about Rs. 4-10 per maund of sugar. Thus, the price left to the Indian manufacturer is only Rs. 23-14 per maund.

The President emphasised that the industry in the country had got the capacity to produce fourteen lakhs tons against the estimated demand of twelve lakhs tons of sugar in the country. Besides this there is plenty of cane available in the country for the needs of the Indian factories.

Cotton Estimate

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30 (PTI): The All India first estimate of cotton 1950-51 puts the current year's acreage at 7,117 thousand acres as against the last year's figure of 6,446 thousand acres, being an increase of 10.4 per cent.

GENERAL REARMAMENT: The British Communist Party said on Oct. 30 that western moves to rearm Western Germany threatened the security of Britain and of the whole of Europe, and menaced the interests of the German people themselves.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

PEACE (Soviet Brand) is back in our midst again. Senor Pablo Neruda is hard at work in this country trying to lead us from our woefully worldly ways into the paths of Communist peace and plenty. This honourable man—the protagonist of the Marxism way of life are all, all honourable men—fairly made me weep when he held forth with much eloquence on how the big bad American wolf must needs be muzzled before he went on the rampage and devoured the meek and harmless lamb. The latter, in case you don't know it, happens to be the Soviet Union.

Now, I have no quarrel with the political propagandist. What I DO object to is that every plea for toeing the Communist line begins with talk about helping mankind. This hiding of missionary zeal—worthy of a better cause—under a bushel of modesty is quite uncalled for. If a man had the guts to stand up and say, "I am pro-Russian and I feel so and so", I, for one, would admire him for it. But it is a rare bird indeed that wears Red feathers and is proud of it.

Well, coming to the matter in hand, which is the Stockholm Peace Pledge, it may be well to remember that 'Pravda' has quite clearly said that the signatories should "stop trains, refuse to unload arms from ships, deprive planes of fuel", and in fact, go on in a most warlike way to achieve their—supposed—unwarlike aims. Now, of course, Tibet has been chalked out for conversion. And presumably, liberation. This is not the place to go into foreign affairs, but it does seem that those whom the Communists love, they first make mad.

And as for the claim that millions upon millions have signed the noble pledge of Stockholm, it may be well to remember that there was quite a flurry in the Scandinavian countries when the exact implications of this document became clear to the signatories, and a rush with hordes of people falling all over each other in haste to get their signatures off.

If Stalin now appears concerned about the Atom Bomb, there seems to be a trace in his attitude of the Fox calling the grapes sour. James F. Byrnes, in his book 'Speaking Frankly' has claimed that when Truman told Stalin about the Atom Bomb, fifteen days before Hiroshima, the latter said he was glad to know that the secret of the Atom had at last been found and to hurry up and put it to practical use. Mr. Byrnes has so far not been contradicted.

Senor Neruda appealed to the Indian Press to put the limelight on the Stockholm peace. I am glad to do it. But this itinerant Evangelist—some acclaim him as the 'conscience of humanity'—should realise that journalism in this country also has a conscience and cannot swallow offhand pious platitudes which obviously have their origin in Moscow.

SET ASIDE AN AREA FOR INDIANS

Natal Memorandum

DURBAN, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter): A suggestion that every town in the Union of South Africa should be made to set aside an area for Indians, based on the proportion of the population was made in a memorandum presented today to Prime Minister Dr. Daniel Malan, Minister of the Interior H. C. Donges and Minister of Justice C. R. Swart.

The memorandum was drawn up by the Natal Indian Union of Nationalists who "represent descendants of those Indians who were brought to South Africa under indenture by mutual agreement of the then Natal Government and the Government of India."

The memorandum said there was panic among the Indian people over provisions of the Group Areas Act which proposed the setting aside of areas for the different racial groups.

Dr. Zimmermann Arrested On Embezzlement Charge

BONN, Oct. 30 (PTI-Reuter): Dr. Walter Zimmermann German rocket and radar expert missing for several weeks, is to be charged with embezzlement from the German state Government of Lower Saxony, an allied official said here today.

Dr. Zimmermann whose disappearance led to rumours that the Russians had kidnapped him, was arrested on Saturday in the British zone.

He had been advanced money by the Lower Saxony Government for a private enterprise, the official said

Thirteen Die In Accident

DALHOUZIE, Oct. 30 (PTI): Thirteen persons were killed and five seriously injured when a passenger lorry on its way from Dalhouzie to Pathankot rolled down a hillside hundreds of feet below.

The driver and the cleaner of the lorry were among those killed on the spot.

The accident occurred on Saturday, eight miles from Dalhouzie.

MUTT AND JEFF—To Toni Mutt's Kisses Are Just An Appetizer And Jeff's Are The Main Dish! By BUD FISHER

I JUST MET TONI AND SHE TOLD ME I WAS VERY HANDSOME AND GAVE ME A BIG KISS!
BUT SHE TOLD ME SHE DIDN'T LIKE YOU!
BESIDES SHE WOULDN'T KISS YOU! SHE'S MY GIRL!
OH NO? WELL, CALL HER UP YOURSELF AND FIND OUT!
HELLO, TONI! DID YOU KISS MY PAL, MUTT, TODAY? YOU DID? BUT WHY? OH, I SEE! THANK YOU! BYE!
WELL--?
CLICK!
? ? ?
HA HA HA HAW HAW! TEE HEE!

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